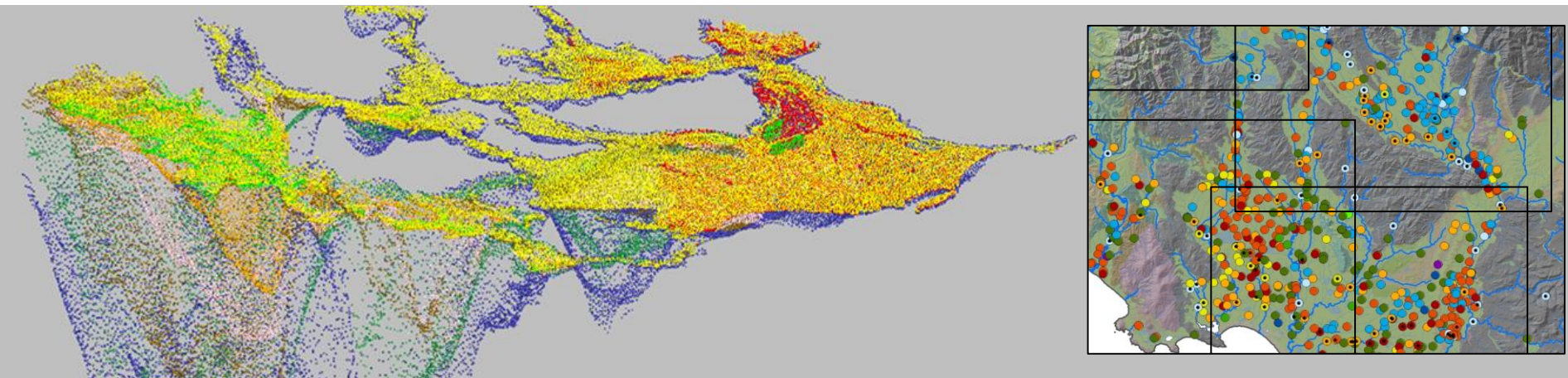
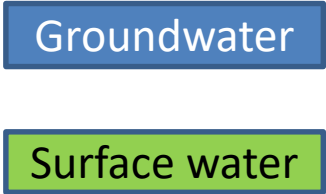
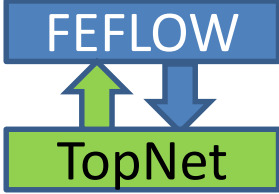



Loosely-coupled modeling of a regional groundwater-surface water system, Southland, New Zealand

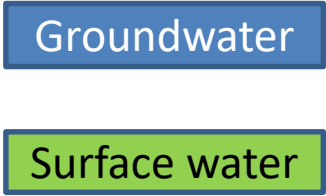
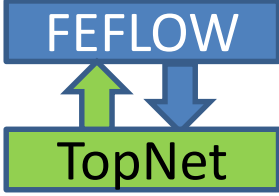



Rawlinson, Z.J.; Toews, M.W.; Daughney, C.J.; Zammit, C.; Kees, L.;
Moreau, M.; Rissmann, C.

A loosely coupled model consists of independent components or modules that exchange input/output



	Uncoupled	Loose Coupled	Integrated
Example	 <div>Groundwater</div> <div>Surface water</div>	 <div>FEFLOW</div> <div>TopNet</div>	 <div>MIKE-SHE</div>

A loosely coupled model consists of independent components or modules that exchange input/output

	Uncoupled	Loose Coupled	Integrated
Example	 Groundwater Surface water	 FEFLOW TopNet	 MIKE-SHE
Ease of production	Easier	Moderate	Harder

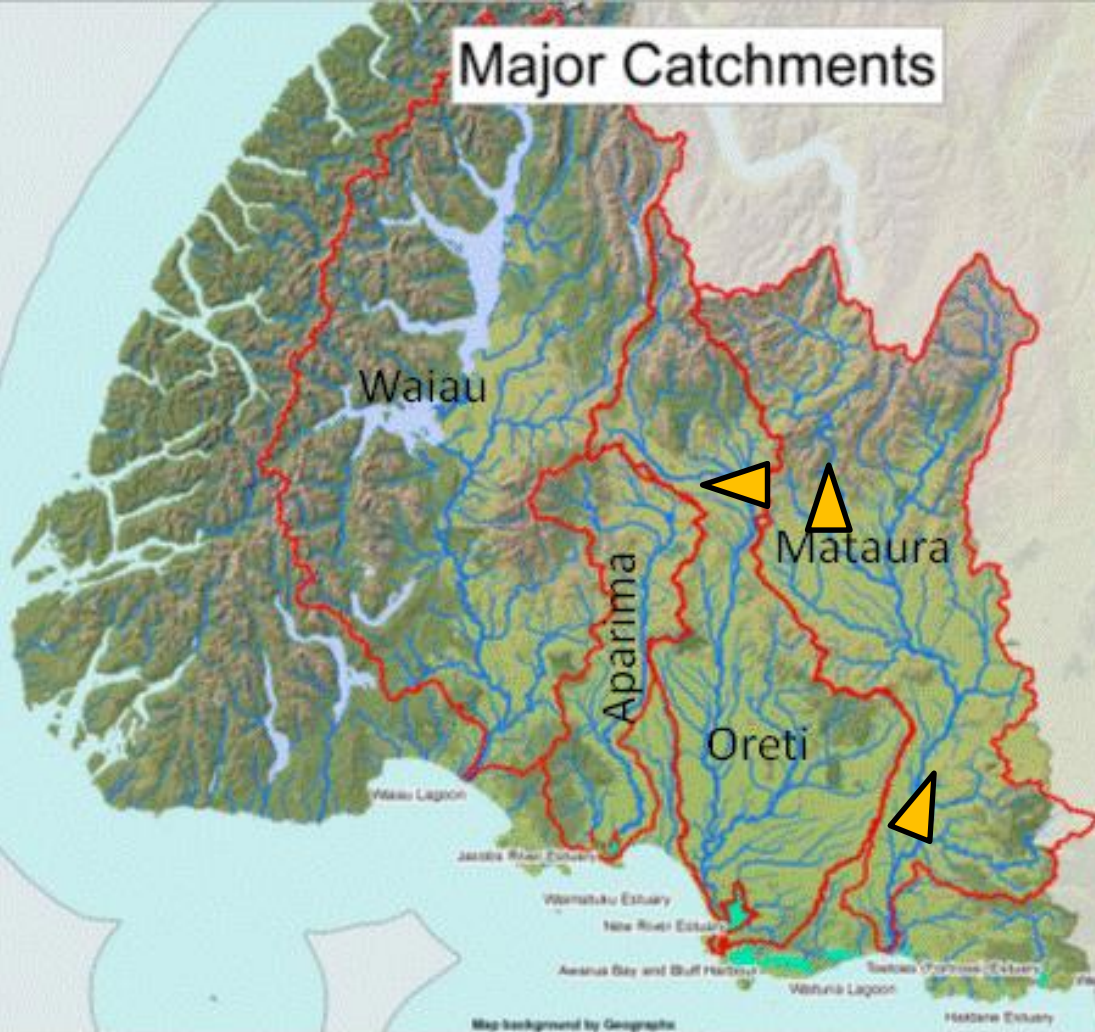
A loosely coupled model consists of independent components or modules that exchange input/output

	Uncoupled	Loose Coupled	Integrated
Example <div> <div>Groundwater</div> <div>Surface water</div> </div>	<div>FEFLOW</div> <div>TopNet</div>	<div>FEFLOW</div> <div>TopNet</div>	<div>MIKE-SHE</div>
Ease of production	Easier	Moderate	Harder
Spatial scale			
Time step			
Process representation			
Consistency of results			

-  Aspect **MAY DIFFER** for groundwater and surface water components
-  Aspect is **SAME** for groundwater and surface water components

Why produce a loosely coupled model?

- Suitable for the present application
 - Likely to provide answers to question(s) at hand
 - Simpler or more complex gw-sw integration is not necessary or possible
- Possibility for future applications
 - Model components can be updated or swapped
 - Model components can be run independently if needed
- Existing investment in component(s) models
 - Software, expertise, data



<http://www.newzealand.com/in/plan/business/fly-fish-mataura/>

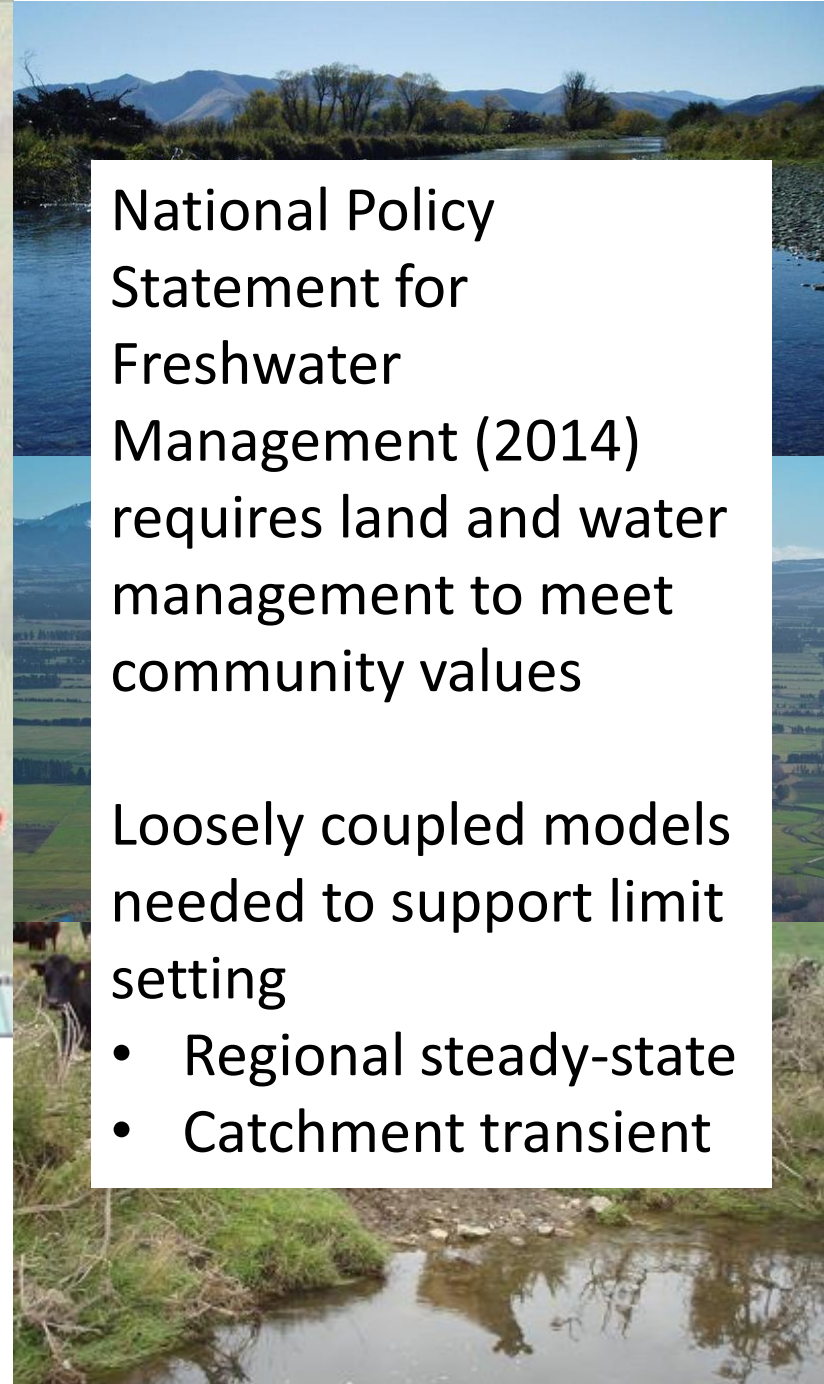
<http://www.newzealandphoto.info/search/taktimu-mts-and-oreti-river-from-lintley-hill-new-zealand-290.html>

<http://sciblogs.co.nz/waiology/2013/12/05/how-does-agriculture-affect-new-zealands-water-quality/>

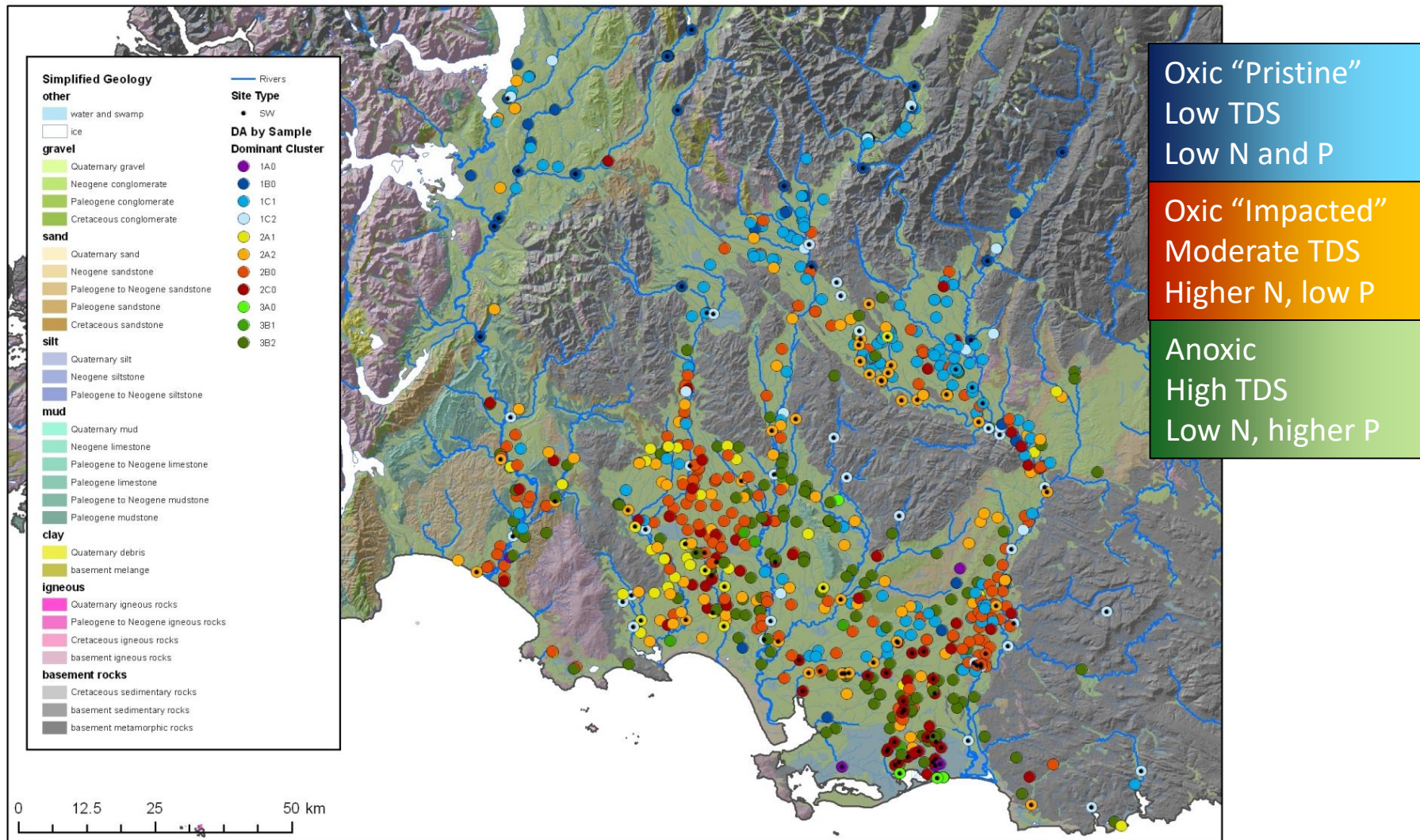
National Policy Statement for Freshwater Management (2014) requires land and water management to meet community values

Loosely coupled models needed to support limit setting

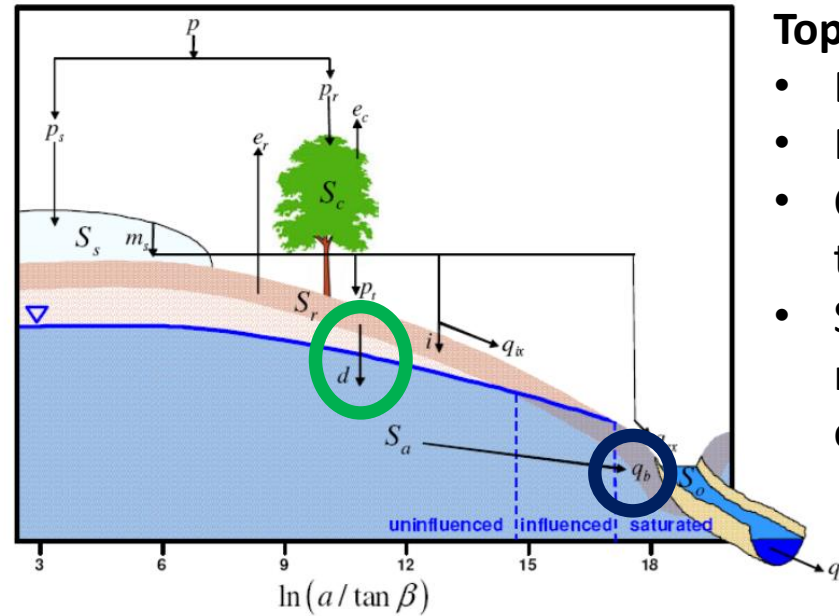
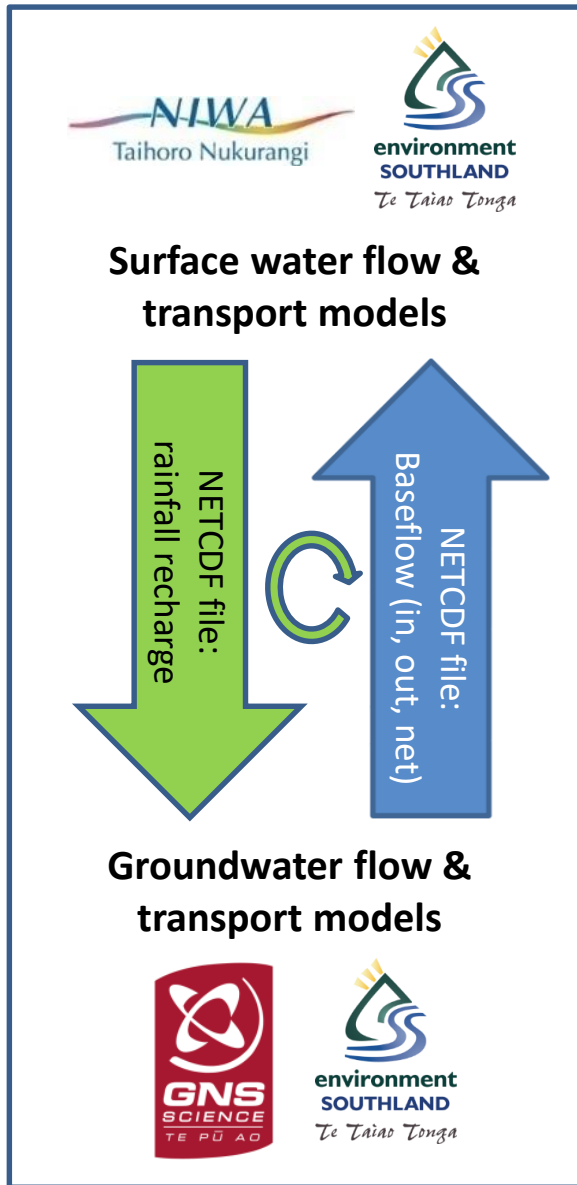
- Regional steady-state
- Catchment transient



Conceptualisation based hydrochemistry shows clear spatial variation at 819 groundwater and surface water sites (>26,000 samples)

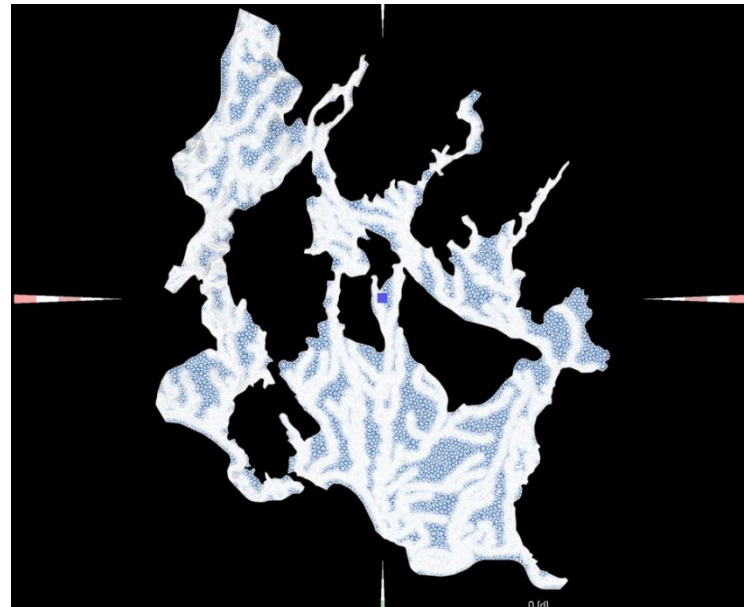


Loose Coupling Approach



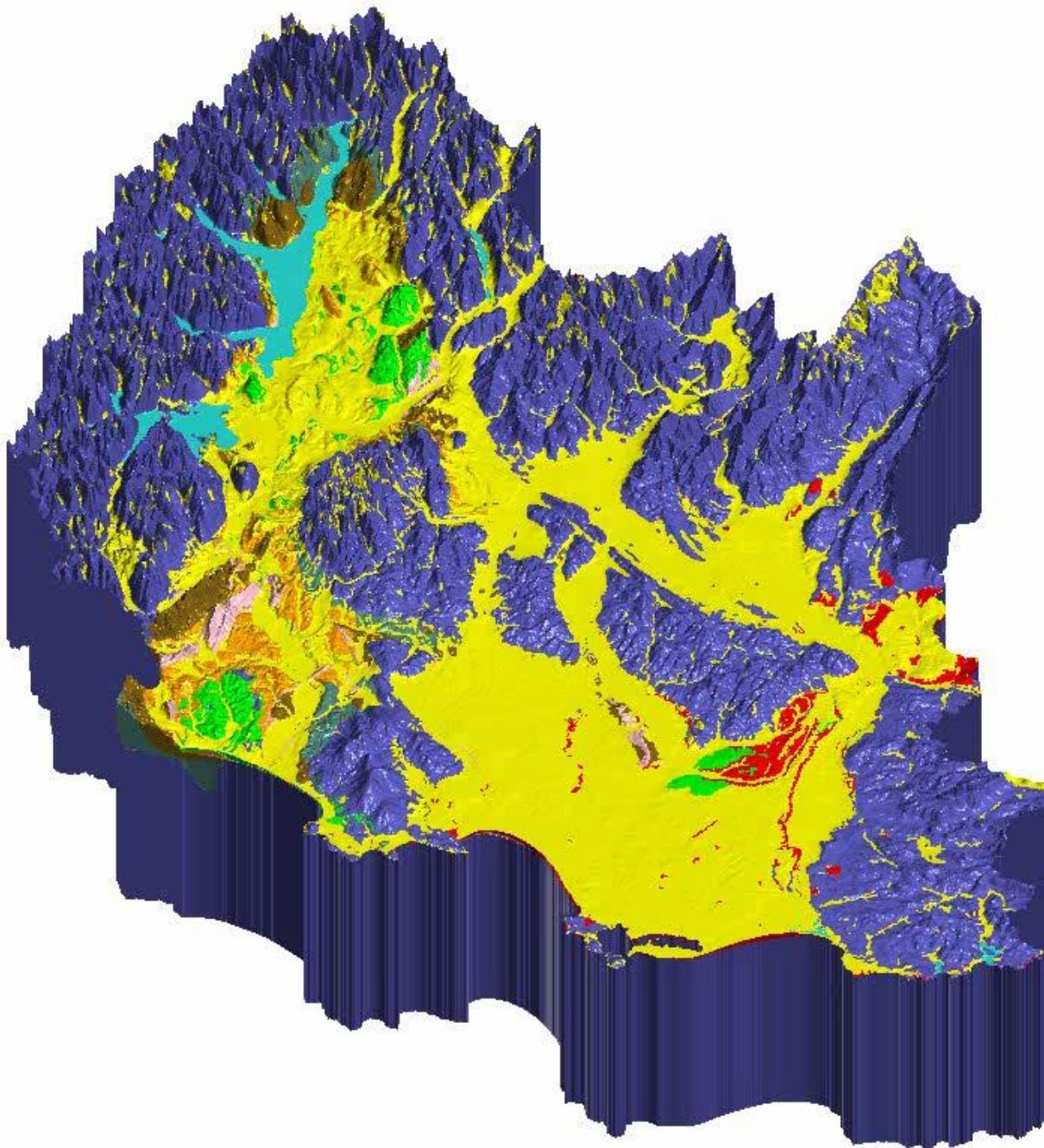
TopNet & CLUES

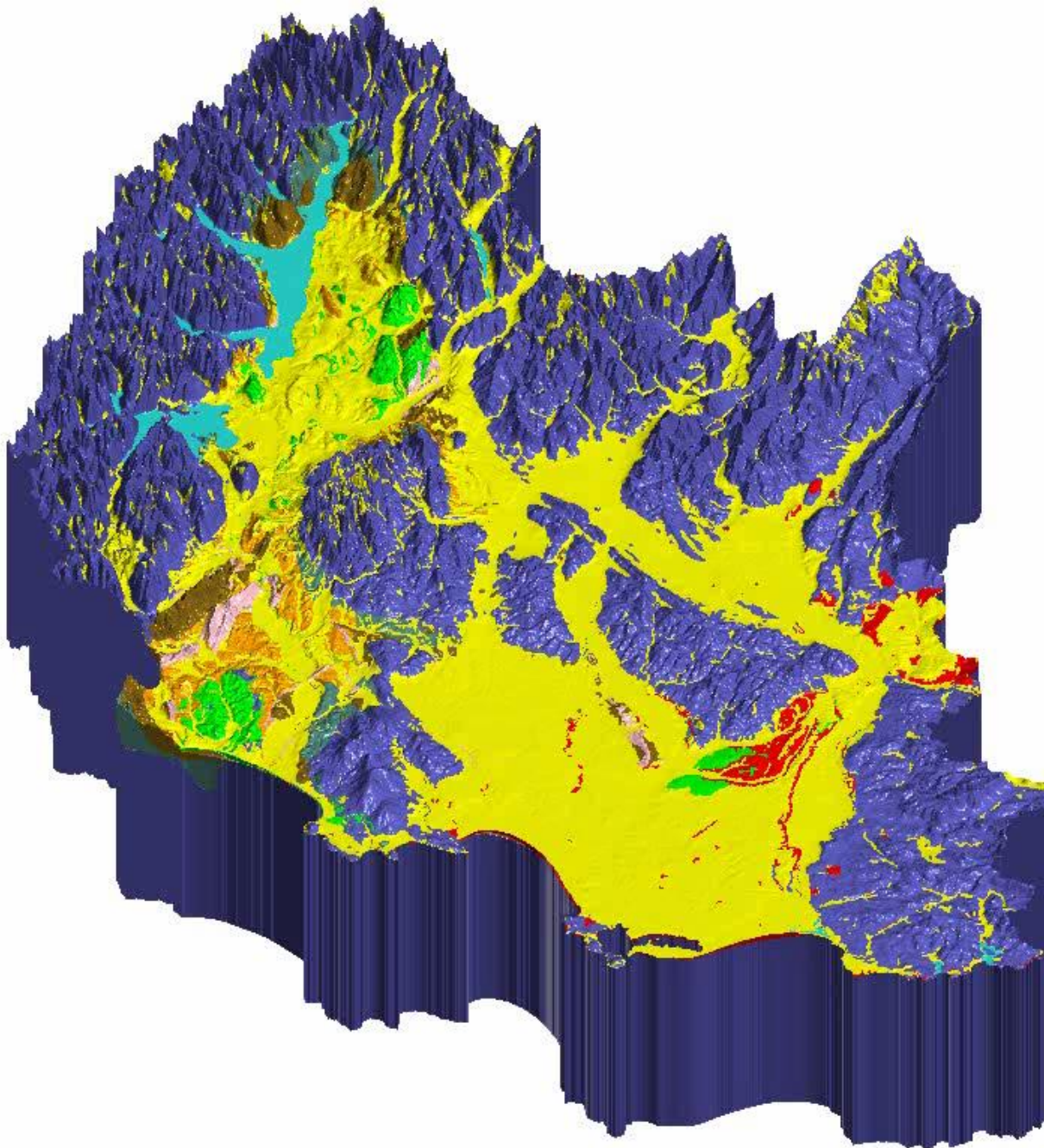
- Existing models
- Physically-based
- Catchment scale, transient
- Simple representation of groundwater



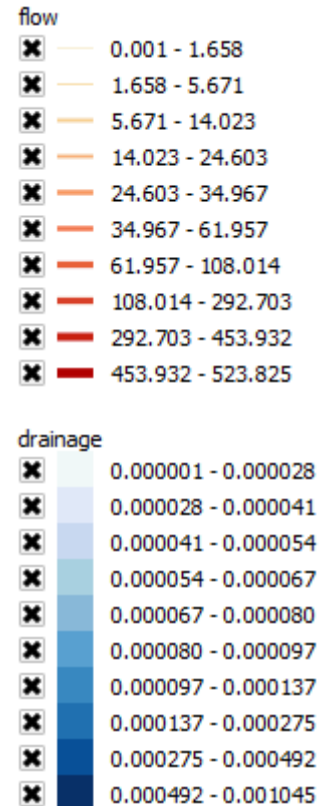
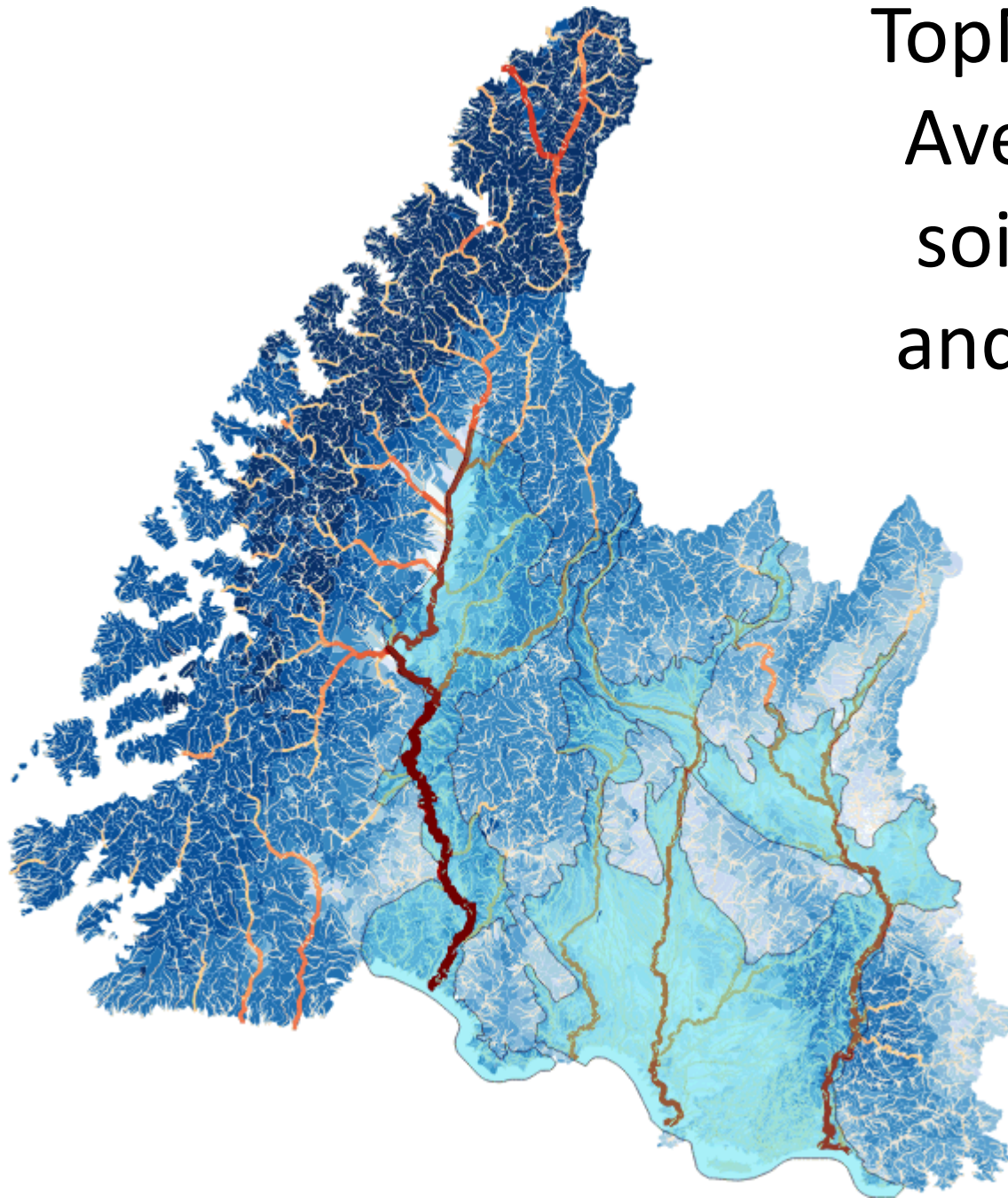
FEFLOW

- New models
- Complex representation of groundwater
- Direct age simulation required

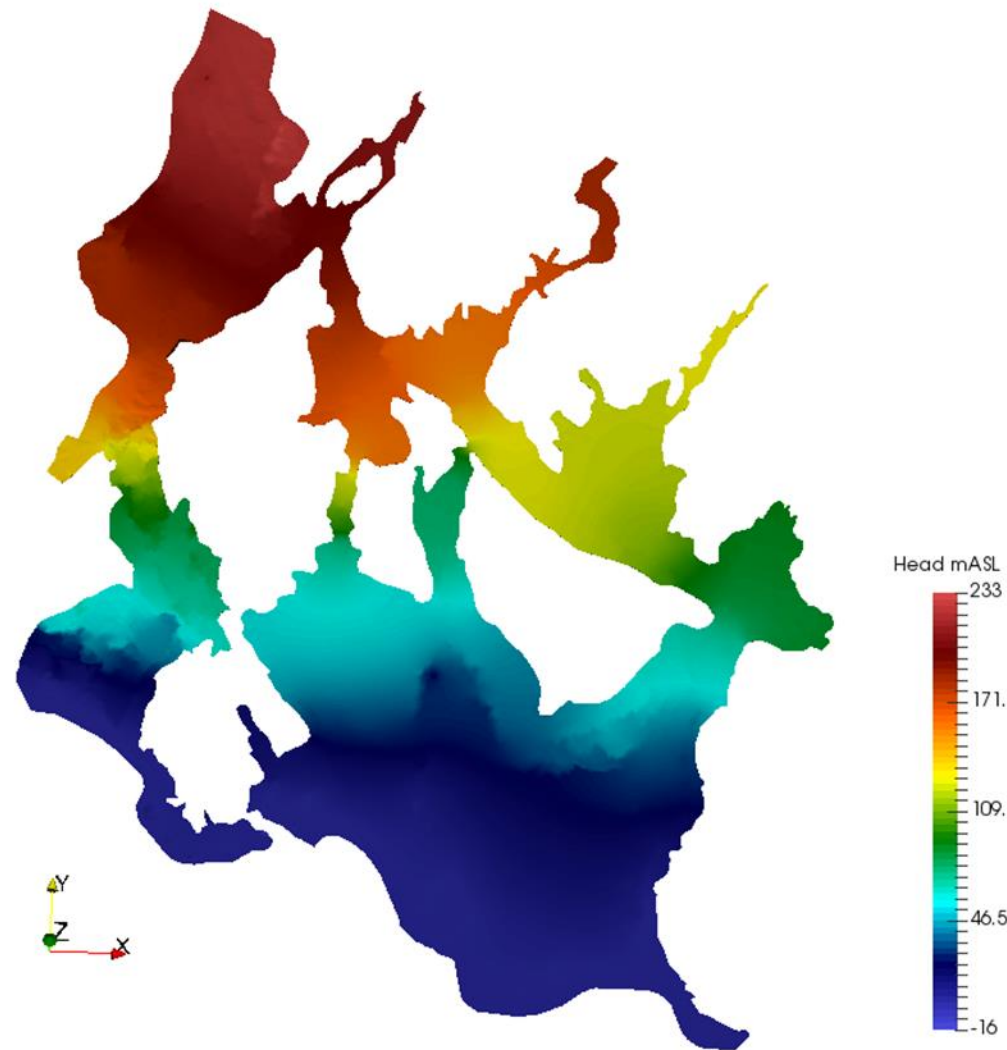




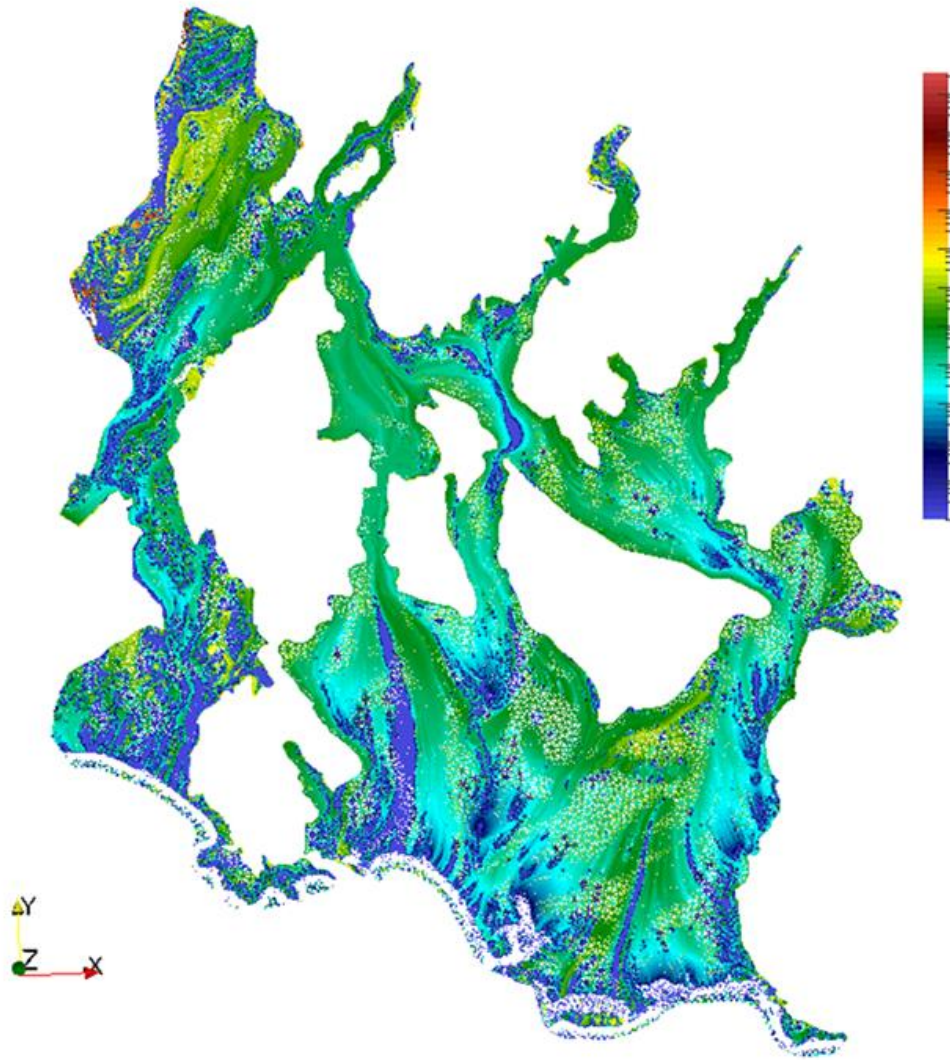
TopNet output: Average daily soil drainage and river flow



Steady-state groundwater flow model



Mean residence time expectancy



Where to next:

- Loose-coupled runs with TOPNET
- Calibration of regional model and age simulations
- Transient model calibrated for one FMU and coupled to TOPNET and CLUES

Within transient model:

- Pilot point material property classification using machine learning algorithms on all available data (e.g. chemistry, age data, hydraulic properties etc.)
- Regularization to physiographic units:

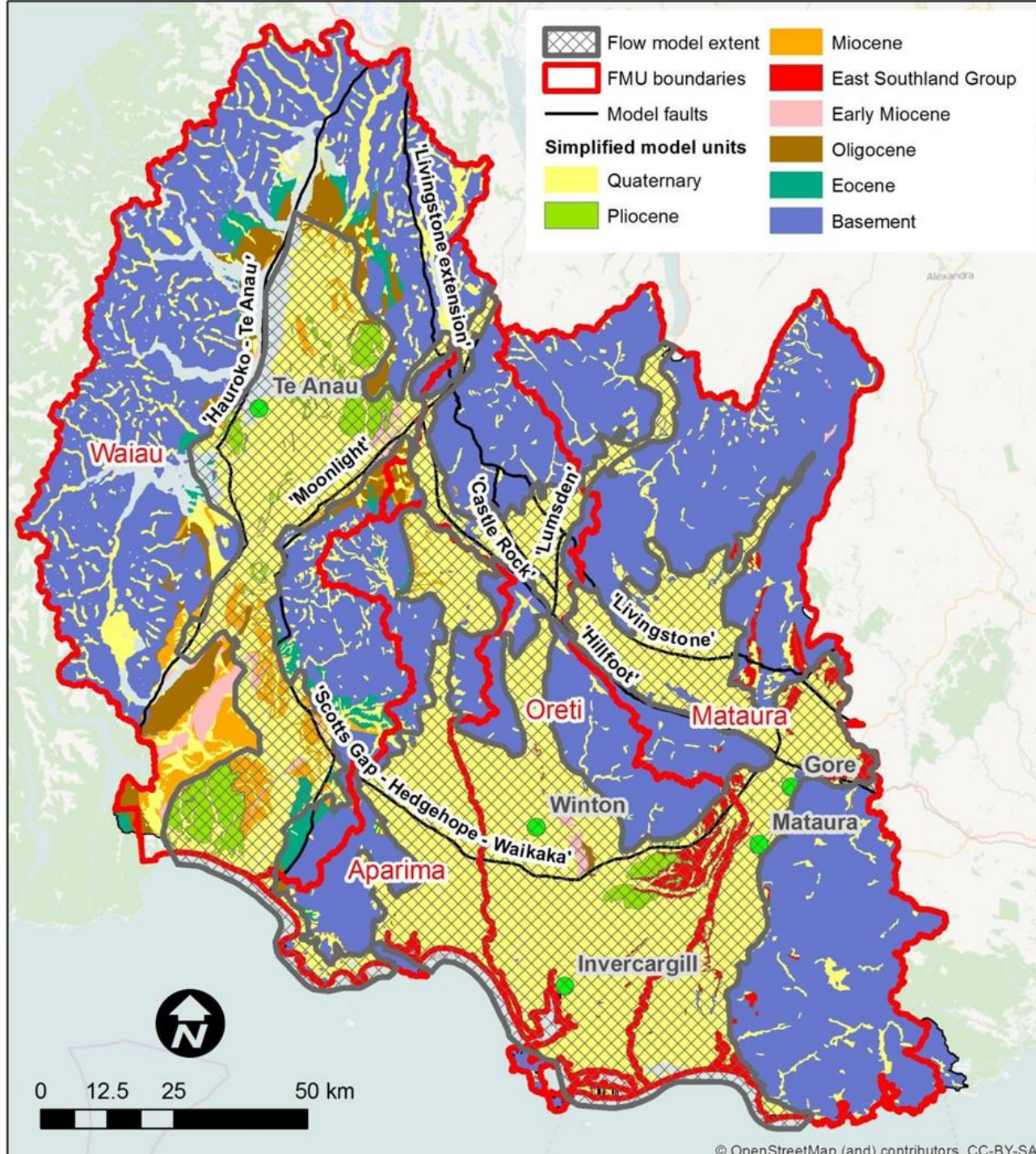


Questions

3D mesh:

Flow model extent:

- Includes regional stream network
- Includes areas with significant thickness of mapped Quaternary and East Southland Group
- Does not include areas dominated by hydrogeological basement



Surface water flow & transport models

NETCDF file:
rainfall recharge

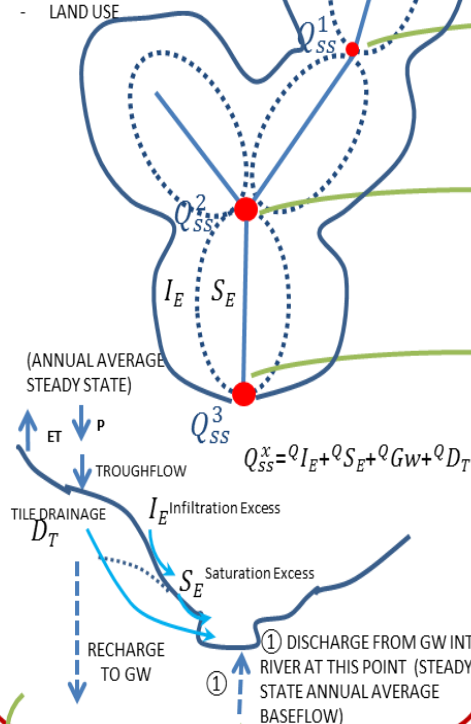
NETCDF file:
Baseflow (in, out, net)

Groundwater flow & transport models

TOPNET (FLOWS)

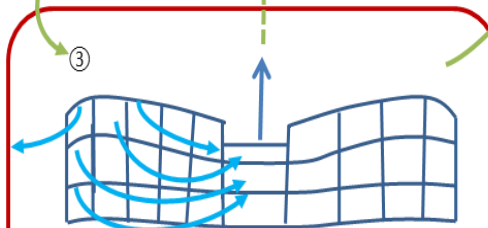
TOPNET (FLOWS)

- CATCHMENT CHARACTERISTICS
- DEM
- SOILS (% TILE DRAINAGE)
- LAND USE



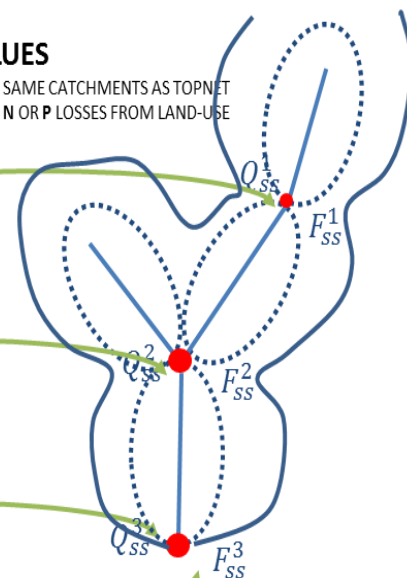
1D UNSAT GW MODEL

SATURATED GW MODEL



CLUES

- SAME CATCHMENTS AS TOPNET
- N OR P LOSSES FROM LAND-USE



Catch	1	2	3	n
1	80	10	10
2	5	75	5
3	3	5	70
n

e.g. 10% of GW discharge into rivers of catchment 3 fell as rainfall in catchment 1...

WATER AND LAND

2020 & BEYOND

