



Specific yield estimation using resistivity and chargeability in deeply weathered hard rock aquifers: experimental relationship in Benin, West Africa

Allé C., Descloîtres, M., Vouillamoz, J.M., Yalo, N., Lawson, F.M.A., Legchenko, A.

Result obtained thanks to the **GRIBA** project



N°abstract 1856



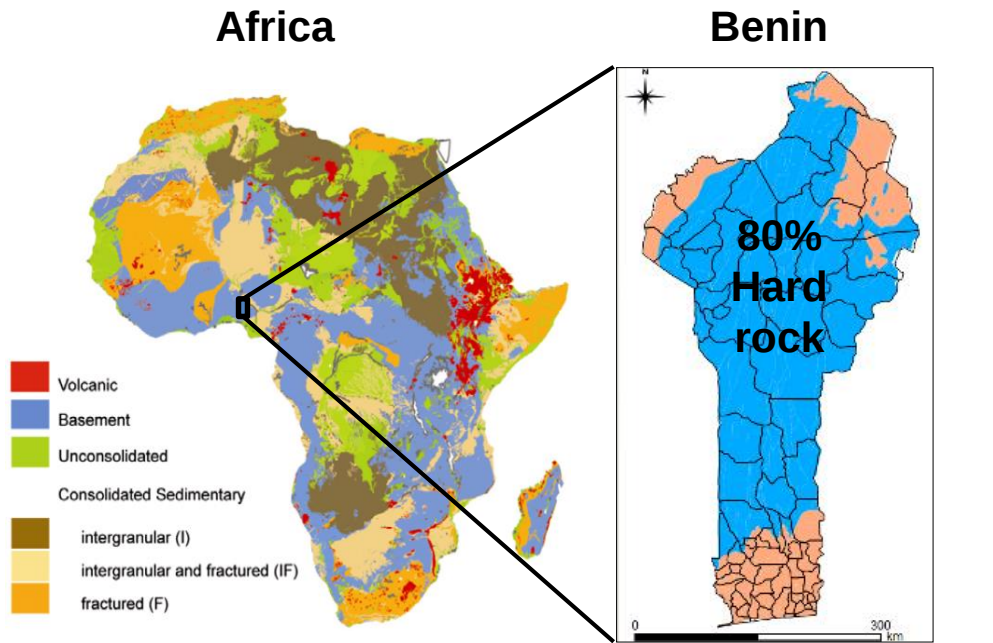
25-29th
September 2016
Montpellier, France
CORUM CONFERENCE CENTER

43rd
IAH
congress



Introduction

- ❑ 80% of Benin surface area is underlined by hard rock

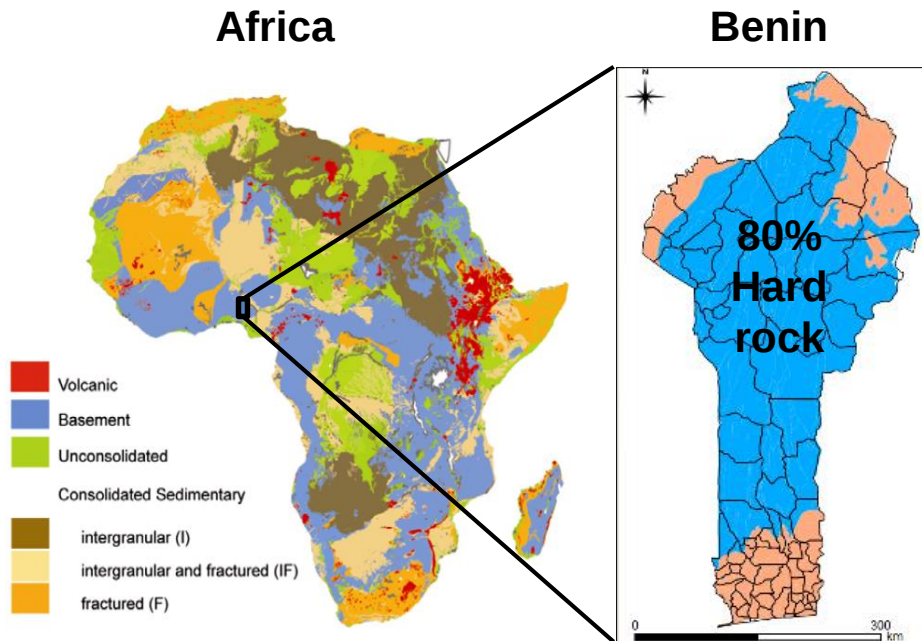


Geological map
(Mc Donald et al., 2012)

Hard rock and sedimentary
rock location

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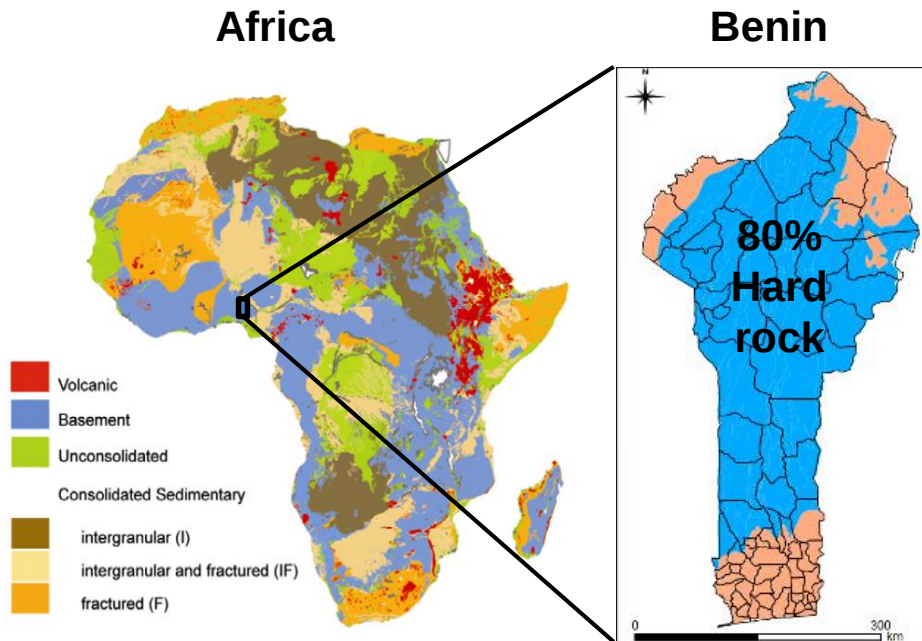
Hard rock and sedimentary
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Granite (Plutonic)

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Granite (Plutonic)



Gneiss



Mica schist
(Metamorphic)

Introduction

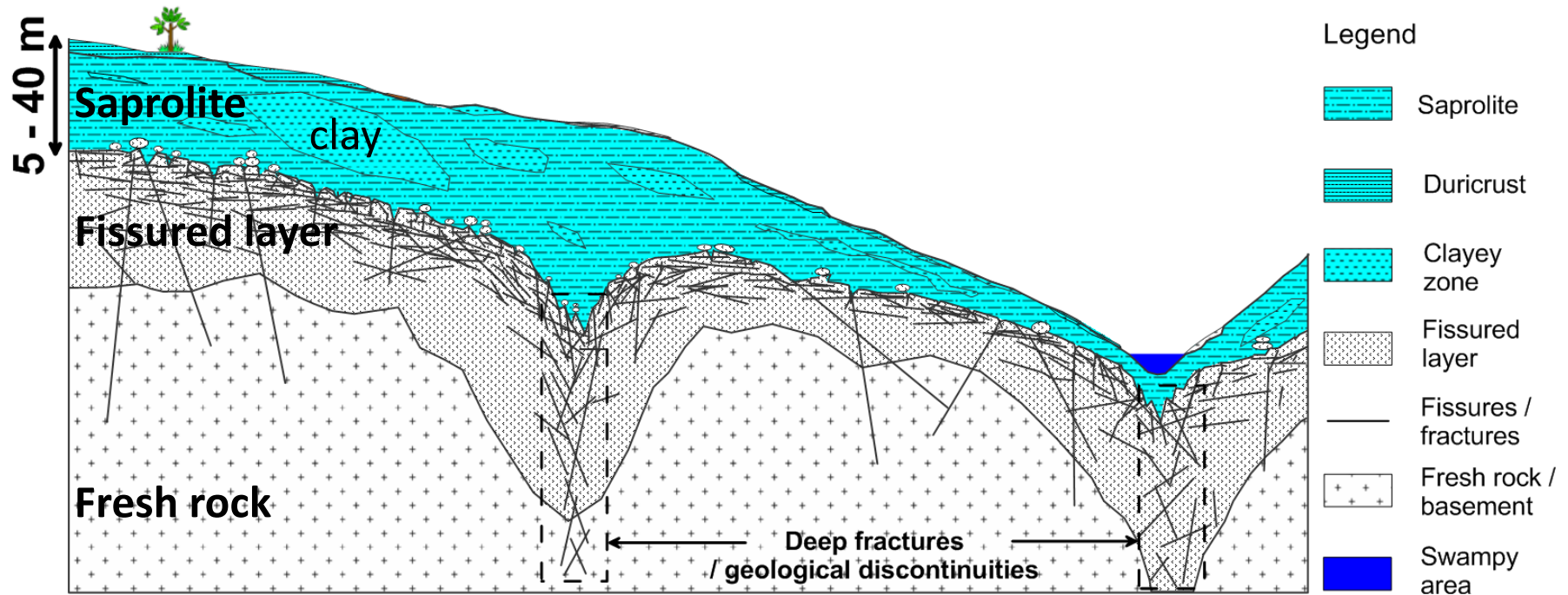
- ❑ 80% of Benin surface area is underlined by hard rock
- ❑ Yield of boreholes drilled are usually low, not sustainable and **40%** are negatives



Hand pump (Borehole), Northern Benin

Introduction

- ❑ 80% of Benin surface area is underlined by hard rock
- ❑ Yield of boreholes drilled are usually low, not sustainable and **40%** are negatives
- ❑ Model of hydrogeological compartment : **deeply weathered zone** (Specific yield and Transmissivity?)



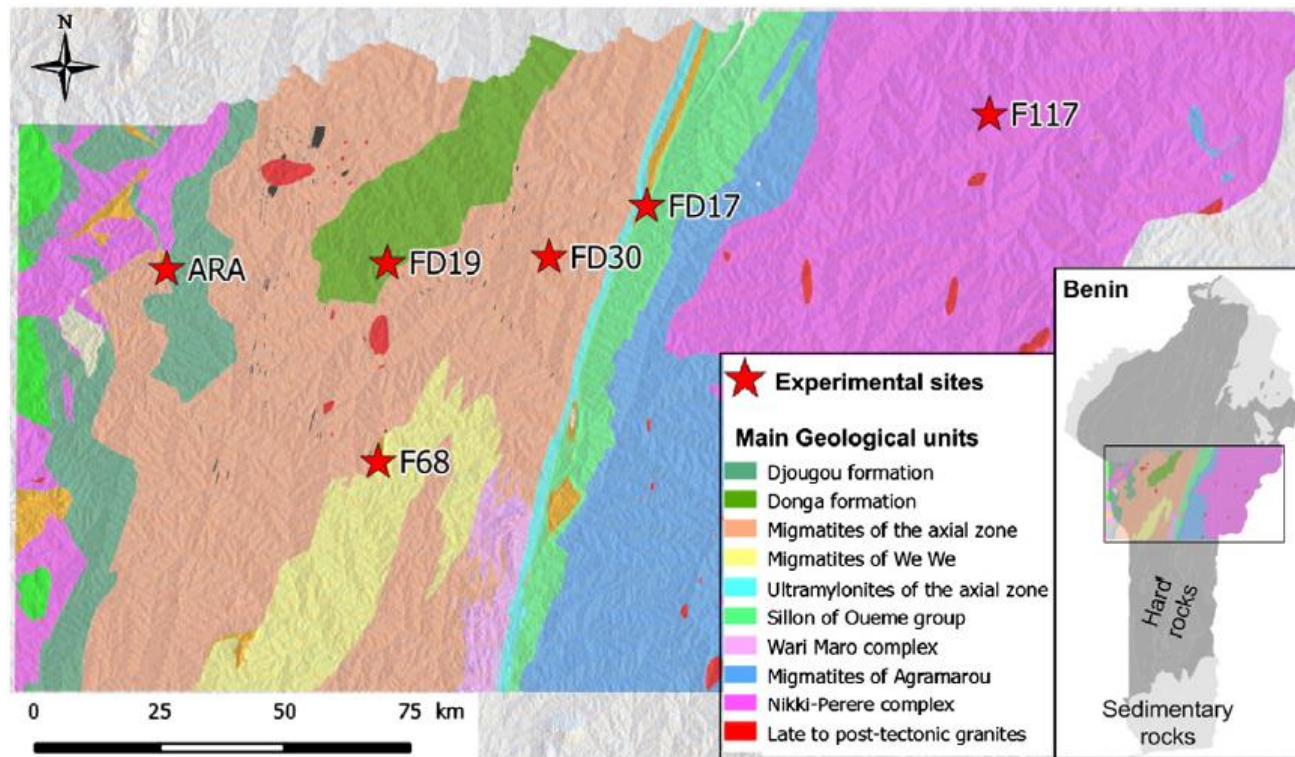
Conceptual model of hydrogeological compartment in tropical hard rock (adapted from Dewandel et al., 2011)

Aim of study

- ❑ We focus on **Sy estimation** attempting to use **electrical geophysical method**

Materials and method

❑ Selection of six experimental sites (GRIBA Project)



Location of experimental sites and simplified geological map (Vouillamoz et al., 2014).

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Pumping test
Specific yield



Site: FD17

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Site: FD17

Electrical logging:
Resistivity and chargeability

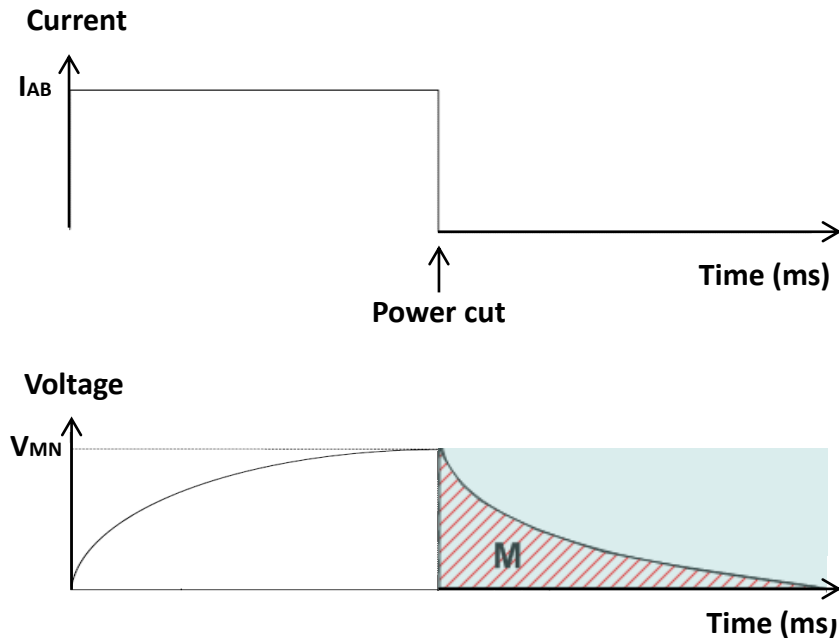


Site: F68

Materials and method

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Chargeability M (mV/V)

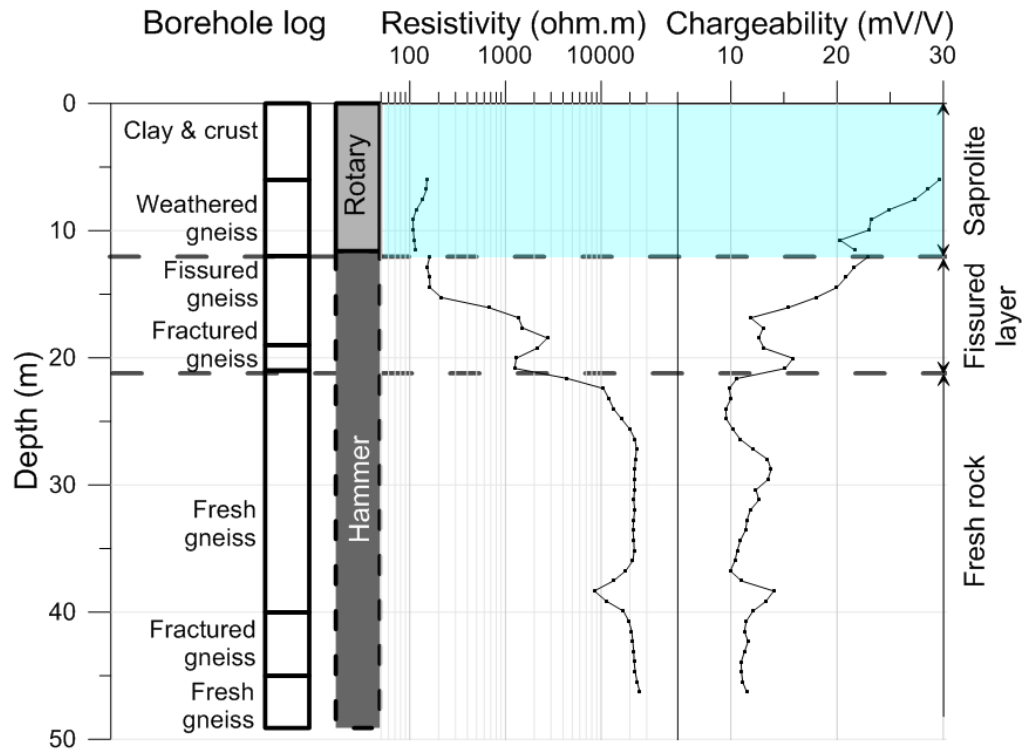


Electrical logging:
Resistivity and **chargeability**



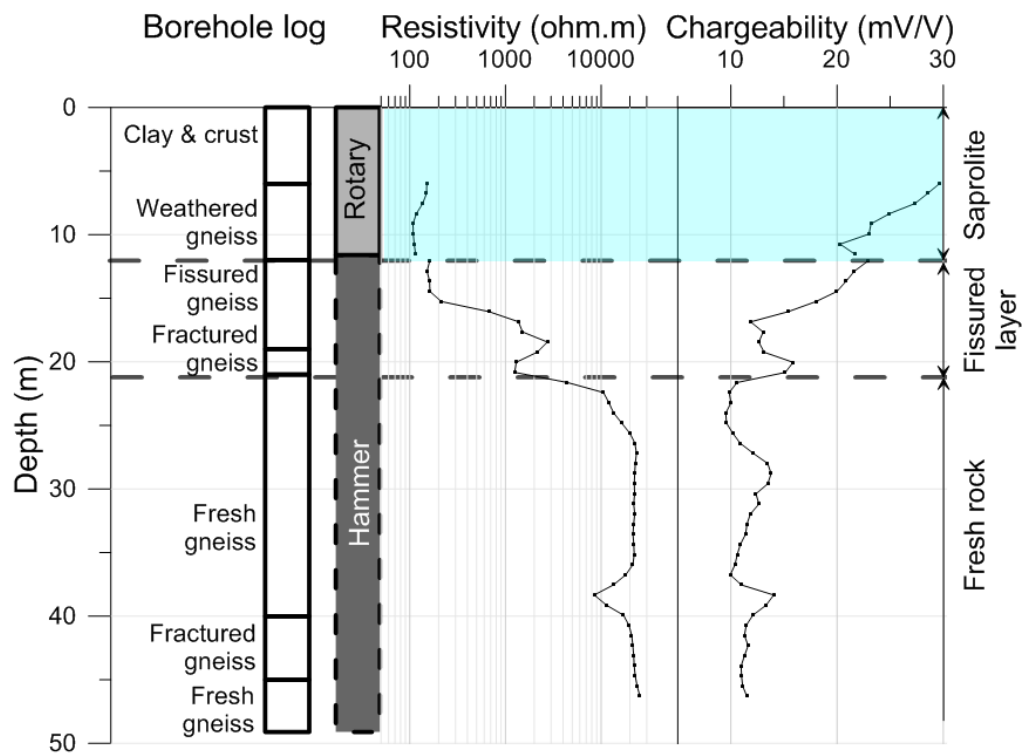
Site: F68

Results : Resistivity & chargeability logs

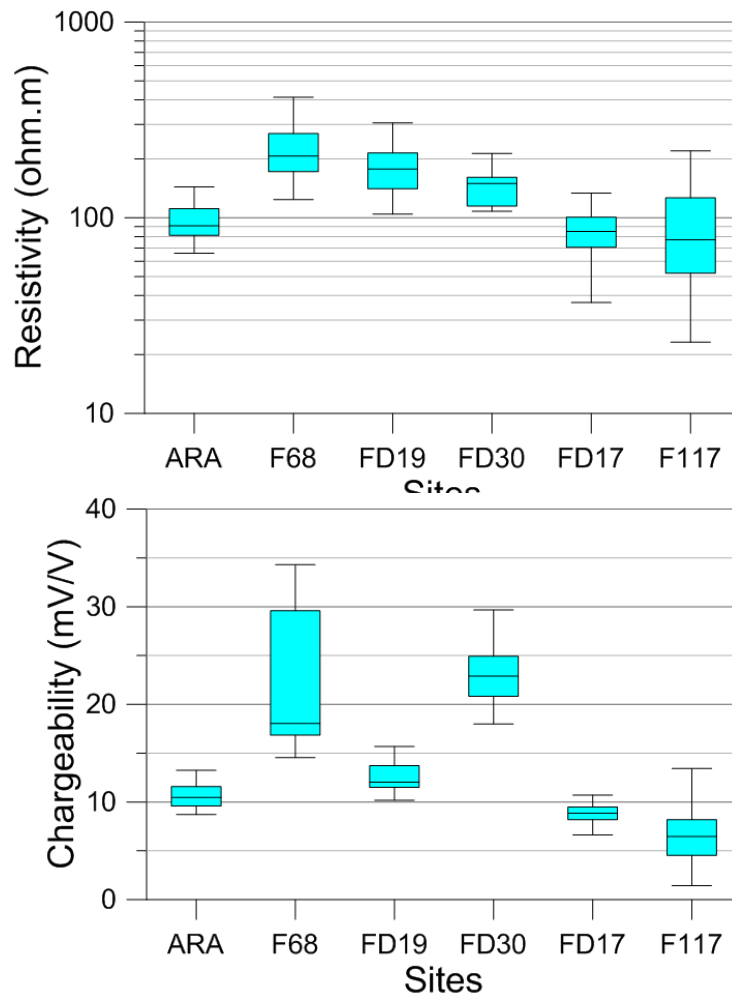


Resistivity and chargeability logs
EXAMPLE (site FD30).

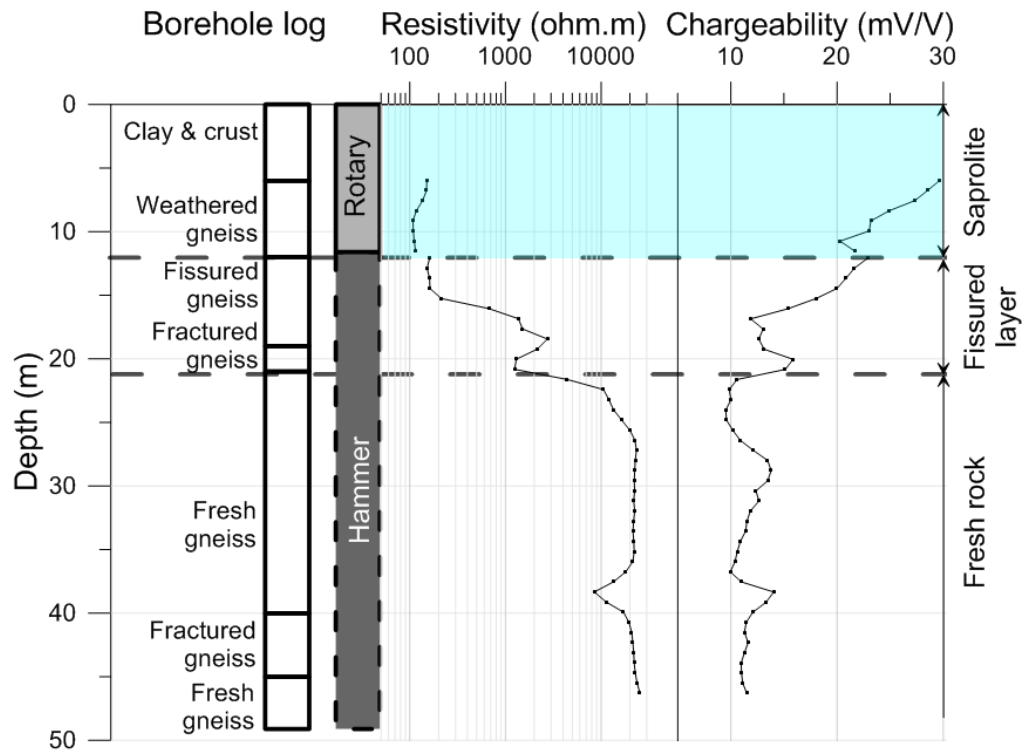
Results : Resistivity & chargeability ranges



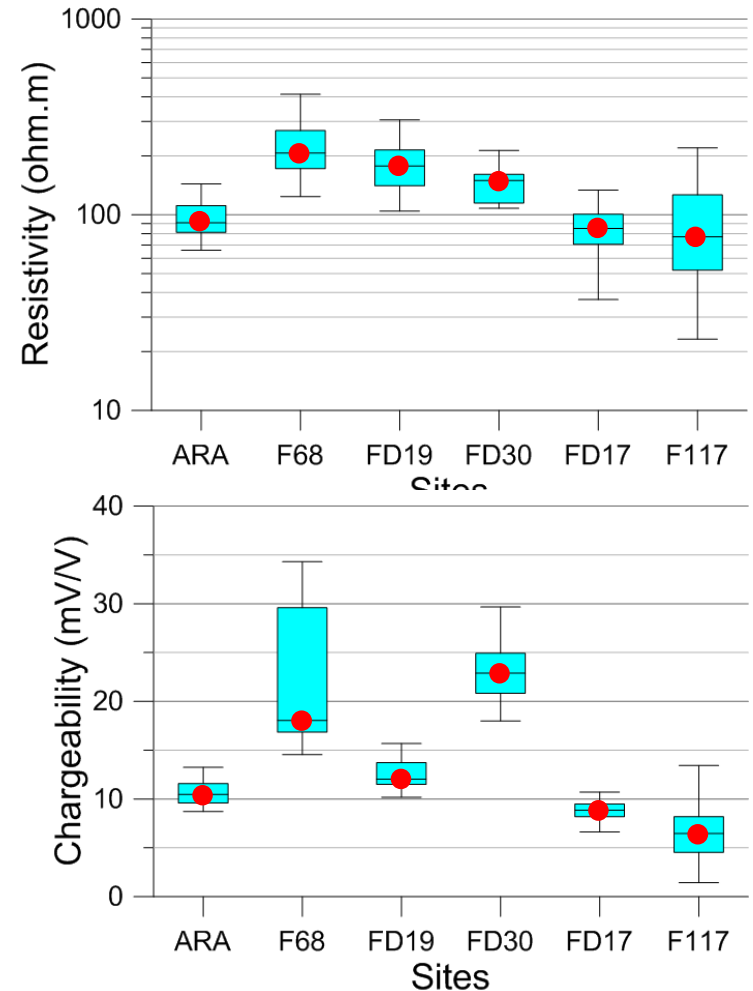
Resistivity and chargeability logs
EXAMPLE (site FD30).



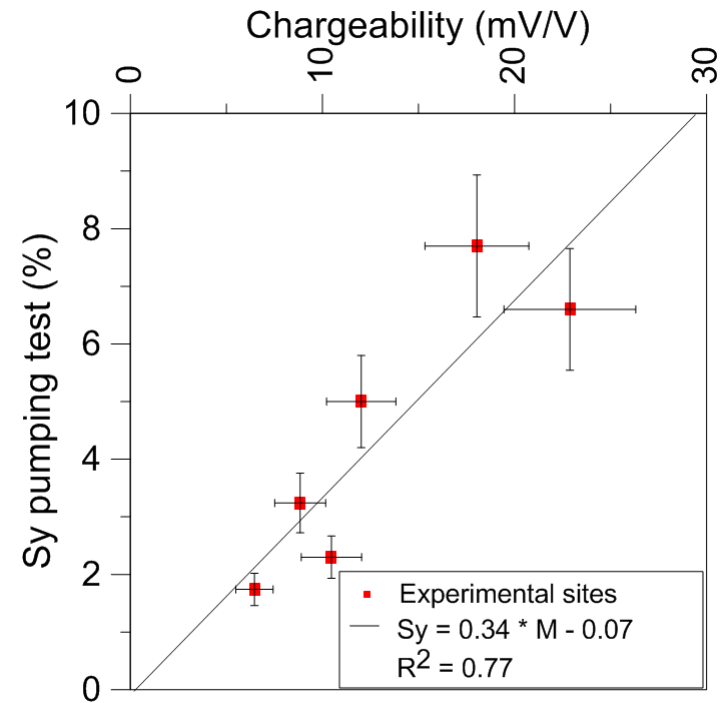
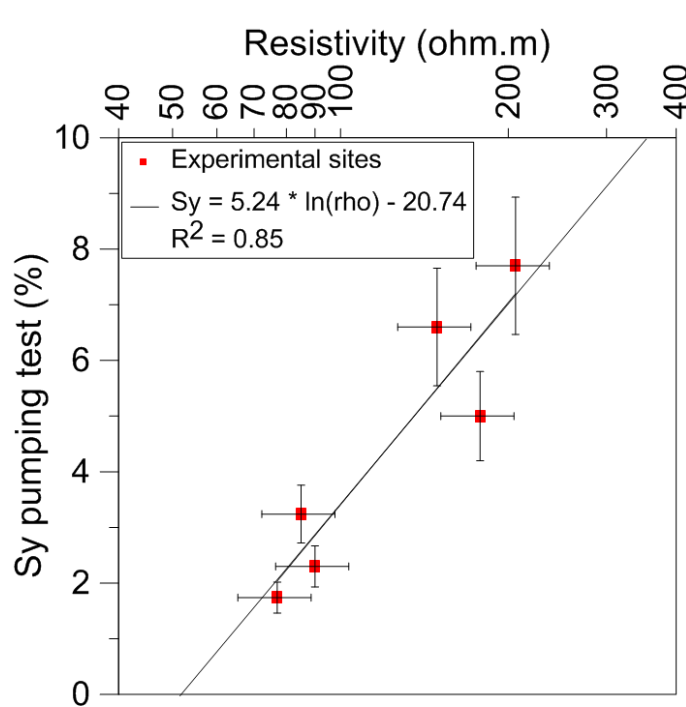
Results : Resistivity & chargeability medians



Resistivity and chargeability logs
EXAMPLE (site FD30).

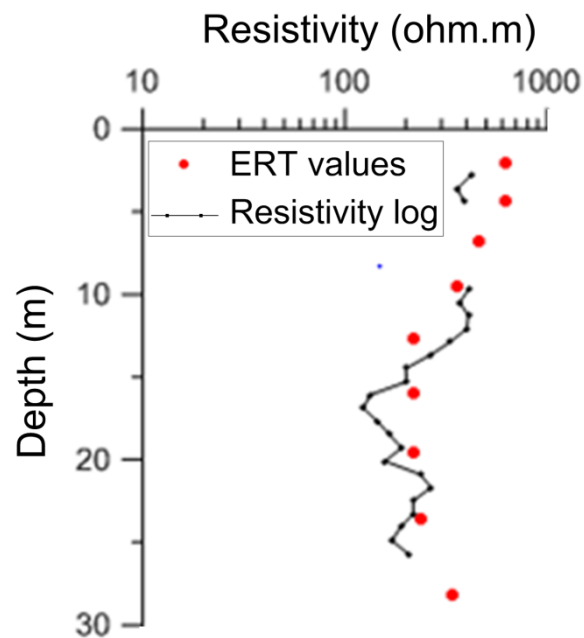
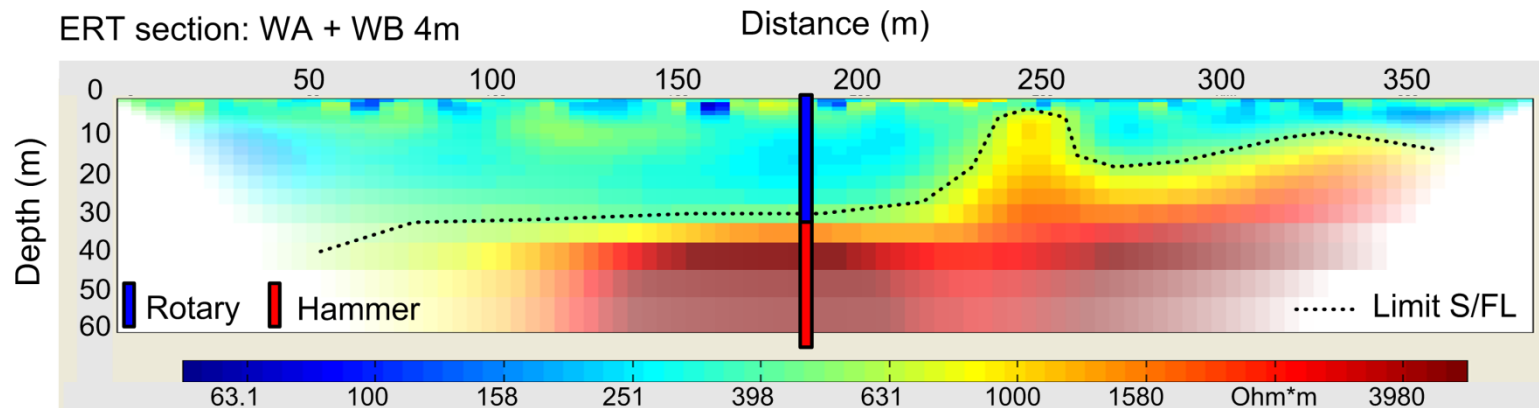


Results : Relationships (Sy/Rho, Sy/M)



Sy increases with resistivity and chargeability.
Resistivity and chargeability give the same information
We can use resistivity only since it's easier to measure
But we need additional data to confirm this relationship

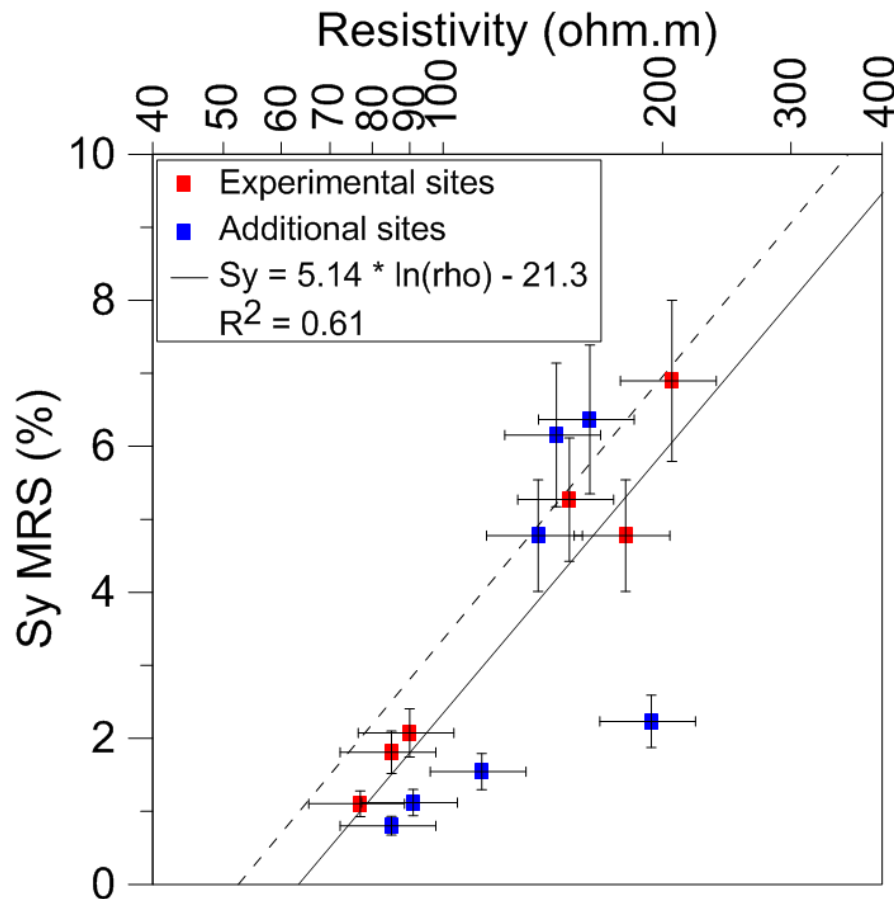
ERT to get resistivity

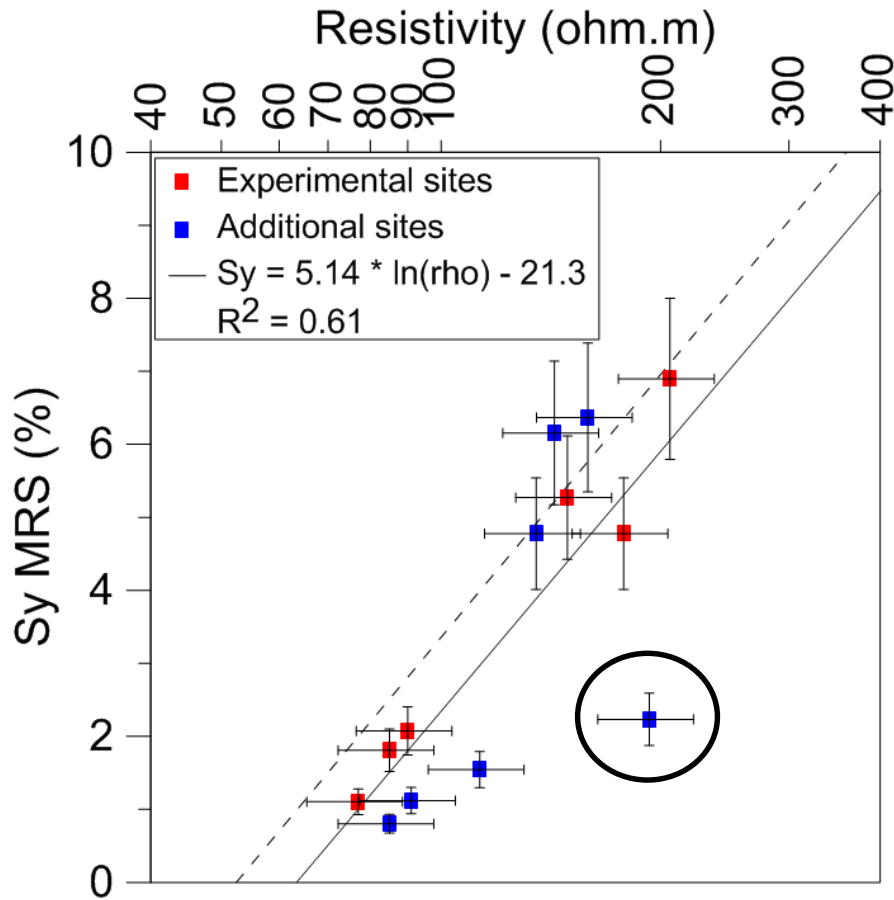


ERT & MRS on 7 other sites



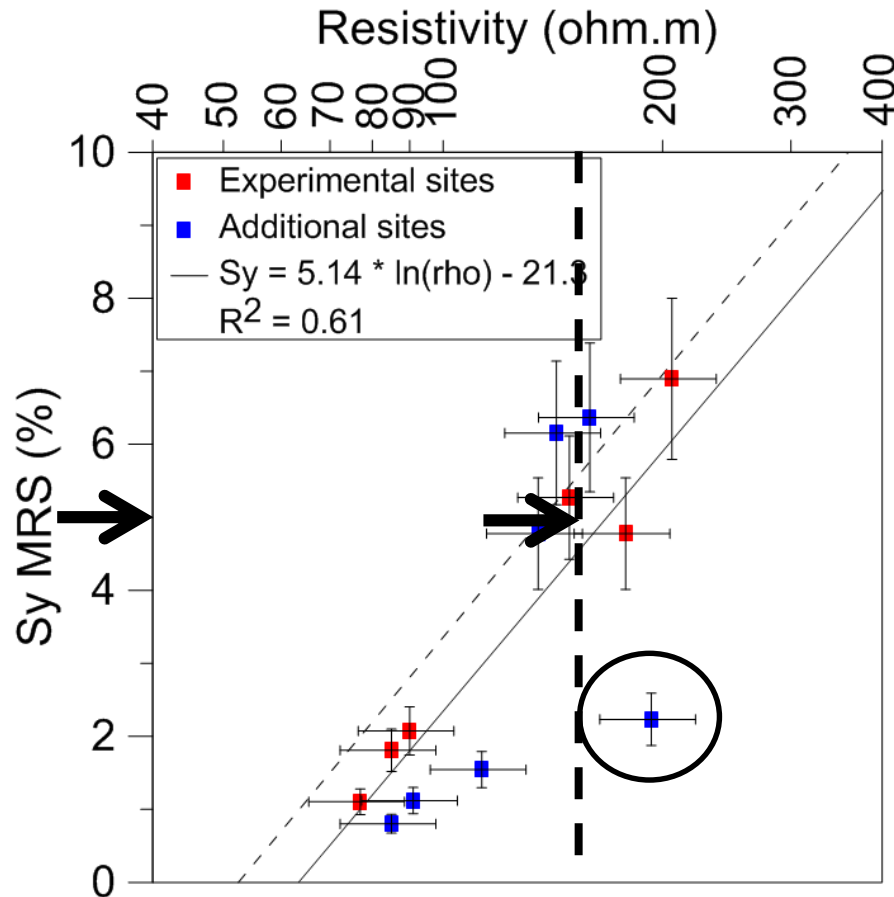
Results : Relationship (Sy/Rho), ERT & MRS





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Target: 150 to 300 ohm.m

Conclusion and perspectives

- ❑ Resistivity and chargeability of the saprolite increase with S_y

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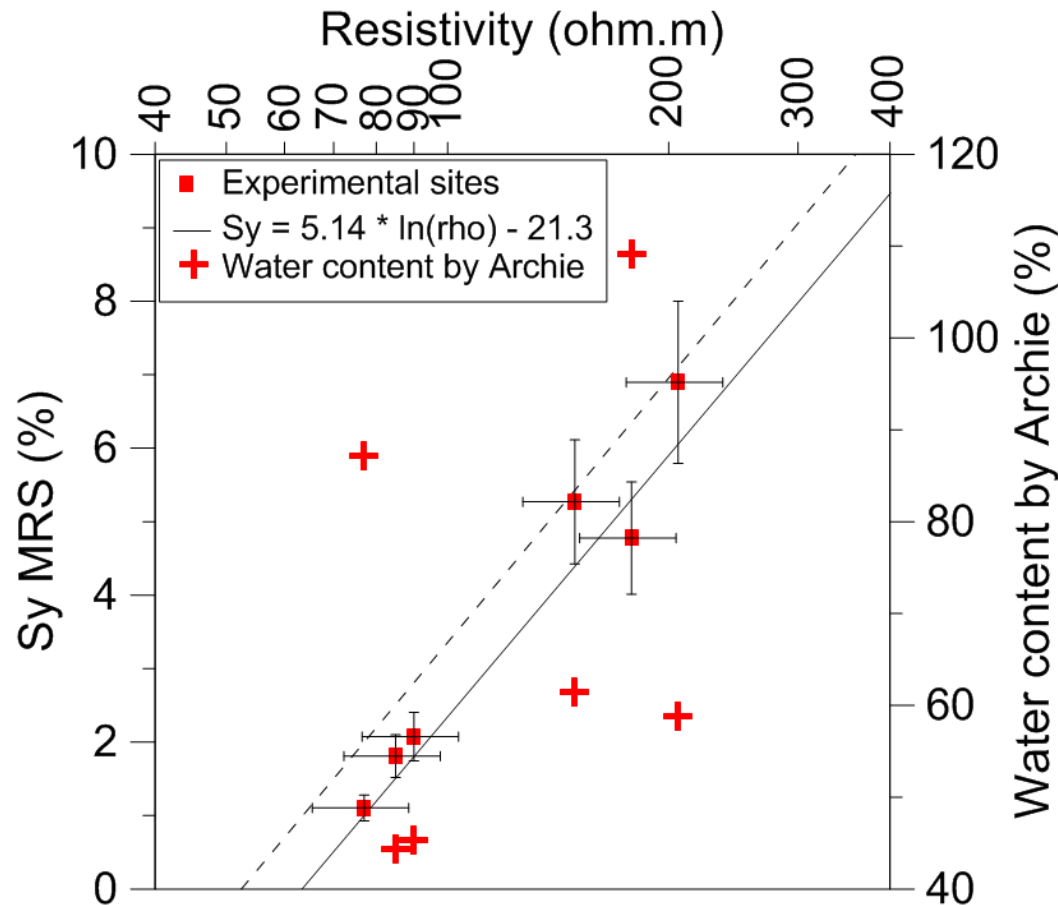
Conclusion and perspectives

- ❑ Resistivity and chargeability of the saprolite increase with S_y
- ❑ Chargeability don't give additional information for S_y estimation in our context
- ❑ In deeply weathered hard rock, resistivity can be useful for S_y estimation ➡ improve borehole siting for sustainable yield, groundwater storage, etc...
- ❑ We must confirm the relationship in other wheathered hard rock locations

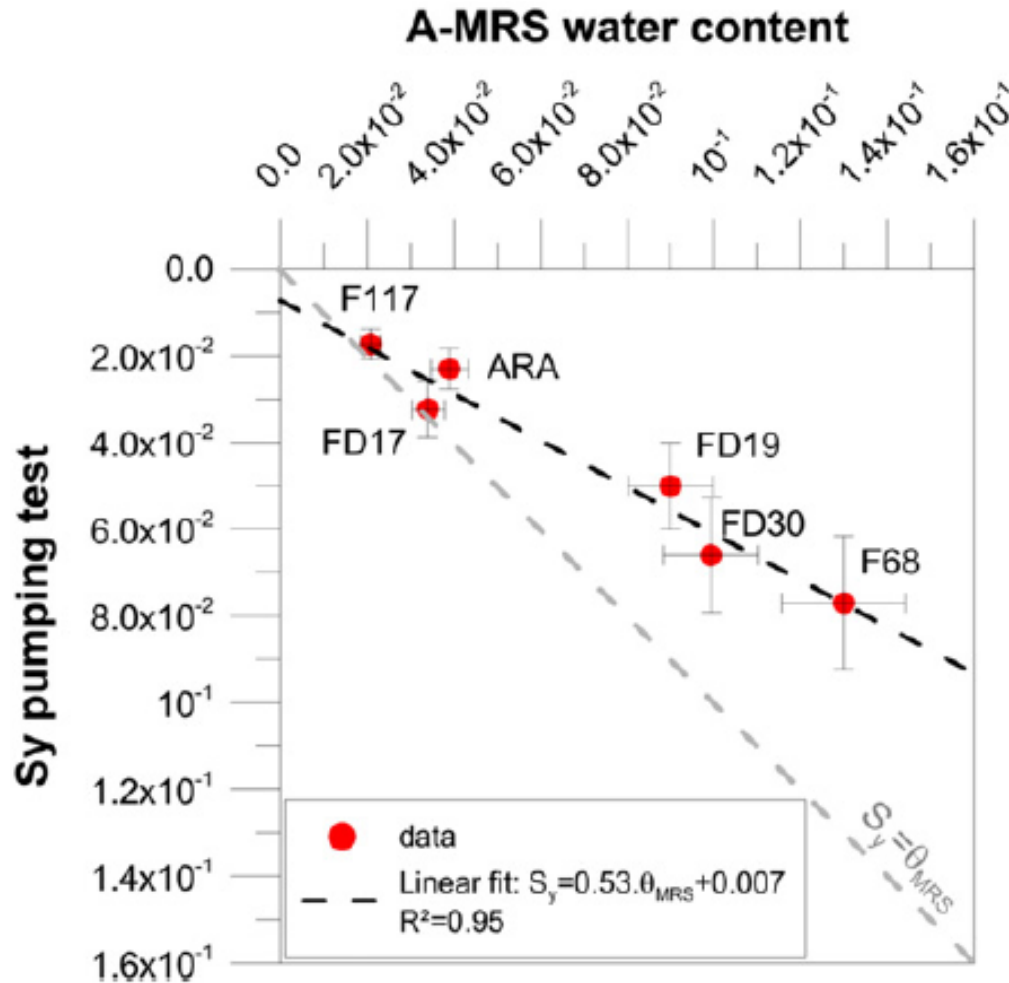
Thank you!



Relationship (Sy/Rho) with Archie



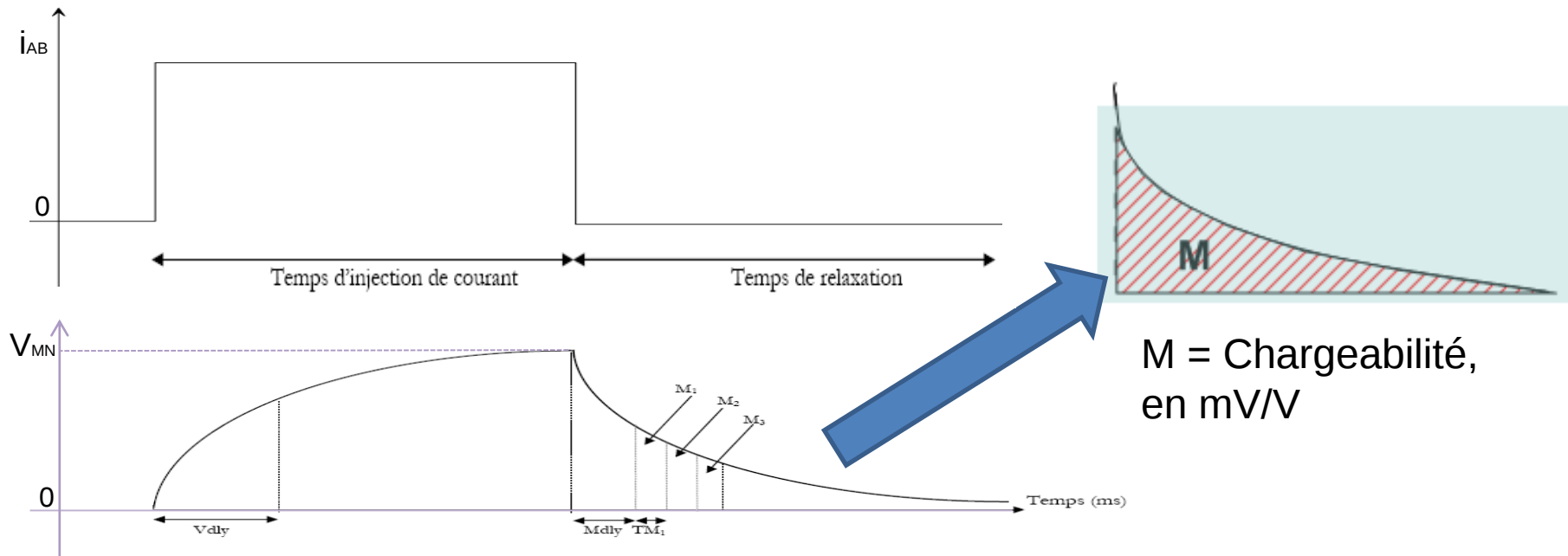
Relationship (S_y/ρ_{ho}) with Archie



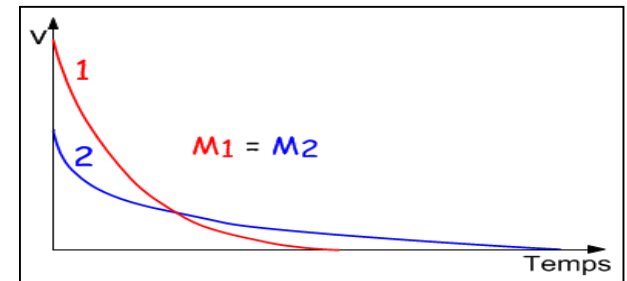
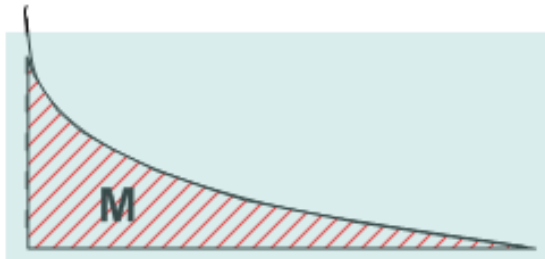
Vouillamoz et al., 2014

The mesure of chargeability

- Méthode géophysique: **polarisation provoquée**
- **Utilise le même dispositif d'électrodes que l'ERT**
- Paramètre mesuré: **Chargeabilité**



The mesure of chargeability



$$Z(\omega) = R_0 \left[1 - m \left(1 - \frac{1}{1 + (i\omega\tau)^c} \right) \right]$$



Paramètres cole-cole

m: chargeabilité cole-cole >> quantité de grains polarisés

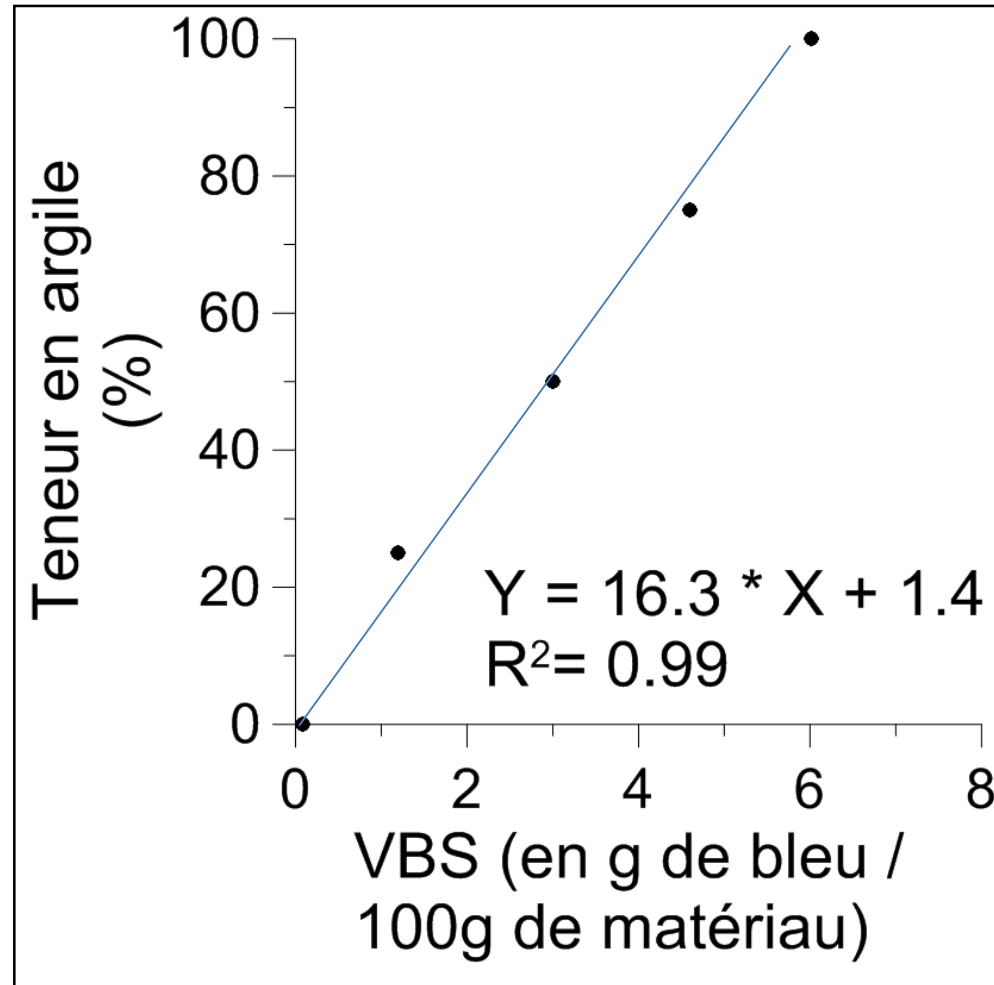
c: dépendance fréquentielle >> distribution de la taille des grains polarisés

tau: constante de temps >> taille des grains polarisés

Impédance en domaine fréquentiel
(Pelton et al., 1978)

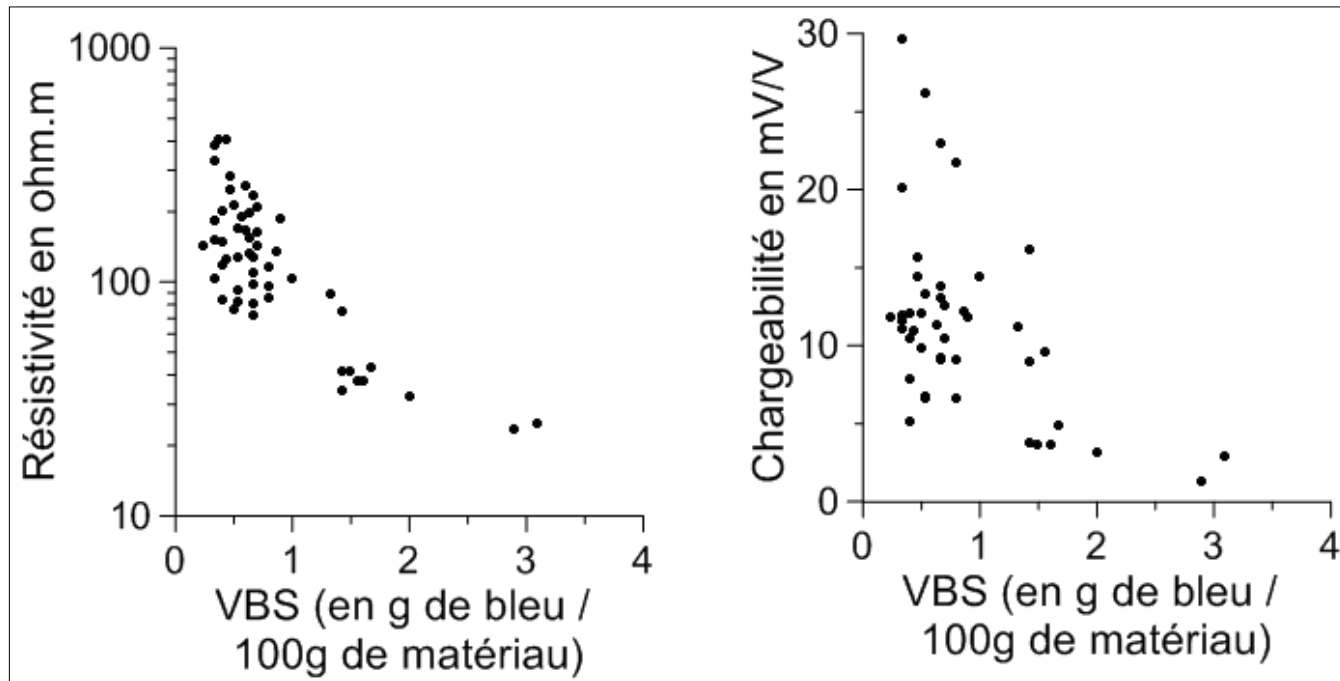
Calibrage du test de bleu de méthylène

Pour confirmer que le test marche et pour avoir une idée du **VBS** qui correspond à une **teneur en argile** donnée



VBS échantillons F68 Vs Chargeabilité et résistivité

Corrélation des résultats du test sur les échantillons de forage avec la **résistivité** et la **chargeabilité**



La résistivité semble mieux se corréler à la teneur en argile que la chargeabilité