Kansa's Multiquadric Based Meshfree Solution for Confined Aquifer (nº 1534)

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Meshfree (Mfree) methods

 According to GR Liu (2003) "An Mfree technique is a method used to establish system algebraic equations for the whole problem domain without the use of predefined mesh for domain discretization".



Governing equation for confined aquifer

 Confined anisotropic heterogeneous and areal recharge including pumping (Willis and Yeh 1987):

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(T_x \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \right) + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(T_y \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} \right) = S \frac{\partial h}{\partial t} \pm Q_w \left(x - x_p \right) \left(y - y_p \right) + R$$

- Initial boundary condition: $h(x, y, 0) = h_0(x, y)$
- Constant head: $h(x, y, t) = h_1(x, y, t)$
- Boundary flux: $T \frac{\partial h}{\partial n} = q_2(x, y, t)$

Approximation of head variable

- Head approximation: If $h(x, y, t) \rightarrow h(x, y, t)$
- Than by multiquadric approach (Kansa 1990): $h(x, y, t) = \sum_{j=1}^{N} h_j(t) \cdot \phi_j(x, y)$

in domain

• where
$$\phi_j = \sqrt{(x_i - x_j)^2 + (y_i - y_j)^2 + C_s}$$
 as RBF

$$C_{s} = \text{Shape parameter} = d_{s}\alpha_{s}$$

$$\alpha_{s} = \text{Support size for RBF}$$

$$A = \text{Area of domain}$$

$$N = \text{Total no. of nodes in domain}$$
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Discretized form of GW flow eq.



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Discretized form of GW flow eq.

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{S}{\Delta t} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{N} \phi_{j}(x_{i}, y_{i}) \right) - T_{x} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{N} \frac{\partial^{2} \phi_{j}(x_{i}, y_{i})}{\partial x^{2}} \right) - T_{y} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{N} \frac{\partial^{2} \phi_{j}(x_{i}, y_{i})}{\partial y^{2}} \right) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\times \{h_{j}\}^{t+1} = \underbrace{\frac{S}{\Delta t} \left(\sum_{j=1}^{N} \phi_{j}(x_{i}, y_{i}) \cdot \{h_{j}\}^{t} \right)}_{f(x_{i}, y_{i})} \text{ where } i=1,2...N_{I}$$



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Solution of GW flow eq.

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Solution of GW flow eq.

$$\{h_{j}\} = [A]^{-1}\{F\}$$

hence $h(x, y, t) = [A]^{-1}\{F\}[\phi(x, y, t)]$

Solution of GW flow eq.

$$\{h_{i}\} = [A]^{-1}\{F\}$$

hence $h(x, y, t) = [A]^{-1}\{F\}[\phi(x, y, t)]$
where $A = \begin{bmatrix} A_{i} \\ A_{Bi} \\ A_{Bi} \end{bmatrix}$ and $F = \begin{cases} f(x_{i}, y_{i}) \\ g(x_{i}, y_{i}) \\ k(x_{i}, y_{i}) \end{cases}$

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Proposed Meshfree groundwater model

Testing of Mfree simulation model

2-D rectangular well at center problem (Chan et al. 1976)

Testing of Mfree simulation model

2-D rectangular well at center problem (Chan et al. 1976)

Area= 1400m X 1400m
Constant boundary head= 100m
Transmissivity= 100 m²/d
Initial steady state head= 100 m
Pumping rate at center well = 10000 m³/d
Number of nodes = 225

Analytical and Mfree solution (Δt= 1day) for 1 day of pumping

Effect of pumping period on observation well head values

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Sensitivity analysis

Effect of time- step size

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Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis

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Mfree model application

Mfree model application

Irregular heterogeneous synthetic aquifer with flux inflow and temporal river head variation (Cyriac and Rastogi 2016)

Area= 40 km² Thickness= 100 m

Zones	T _x (m²/day)	T _y (m²/day)	Storativity (S)	Zonal area (km ²)
1	1500	1200	0.0004	4.72
2	800	600	0.0003	5.49
3	1000	800	0.0002	7.32
4	1300	1000	0.0001	7.67
5	2000	1000	0.0006	10.49

Mfree model application (cont.)

Mfree model application (cont.)

Conclusions

- Mfree groundwater model showed good agreement with analytical head values for both 2D synthetic problems.
- Since model performing well with support size between 2 to 3 hence it reduced the dependency on grid- based solution for its calibration.
- Developed model showed higher accuracy with increasing nodal density.

