

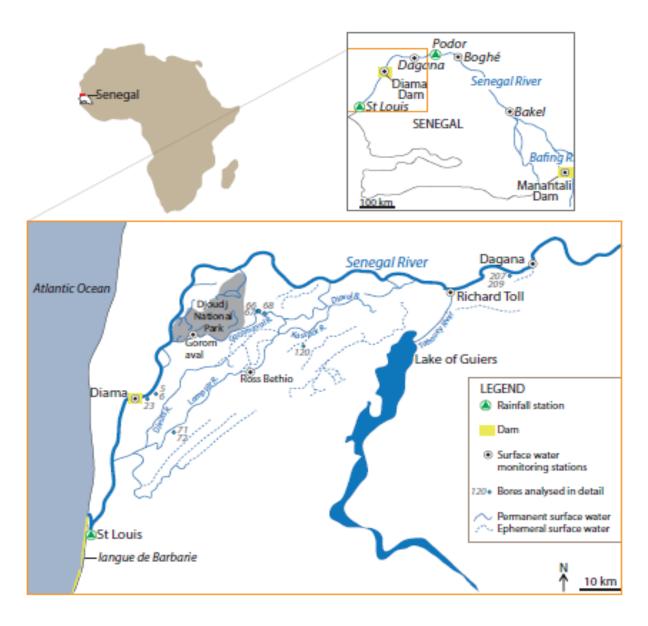
UNIVERSITE CHEIKH ANTA DIOP DE DAKAR FACULTE DES SCIENCES ET TECHNIQUES DEPARTEMENT DE GEOLOGIE



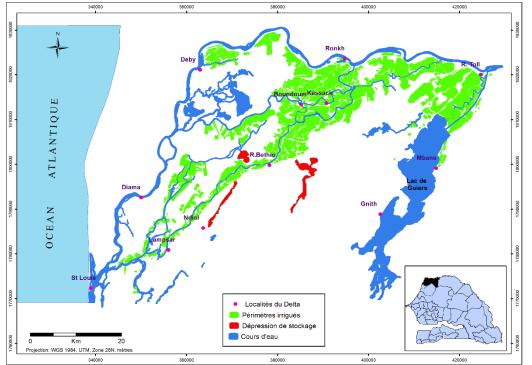
Rapid evolution of water resources in the Senegal River delta and its impacts in the soil salinisation

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STUDY AREA



SOCIO-ECONOMICAL CONTEXT



- Water is really available
- 150 000 ha exploitable land
- 70 000 ha developed land
- Many agricultural intensification programs such as PNAR and GOANA
- Output is around 500 000 tons a

year





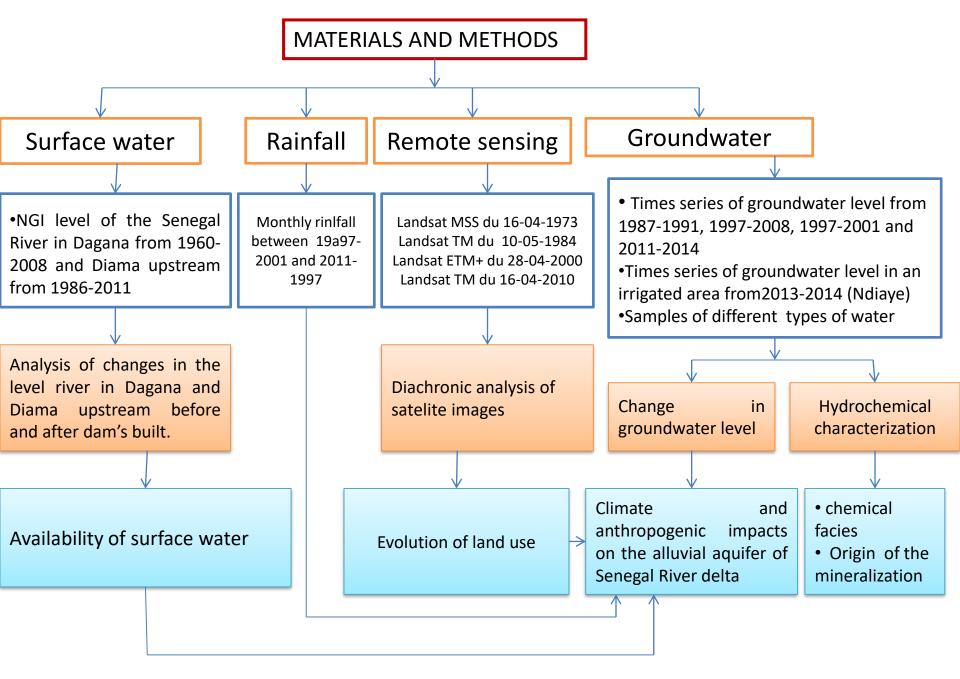


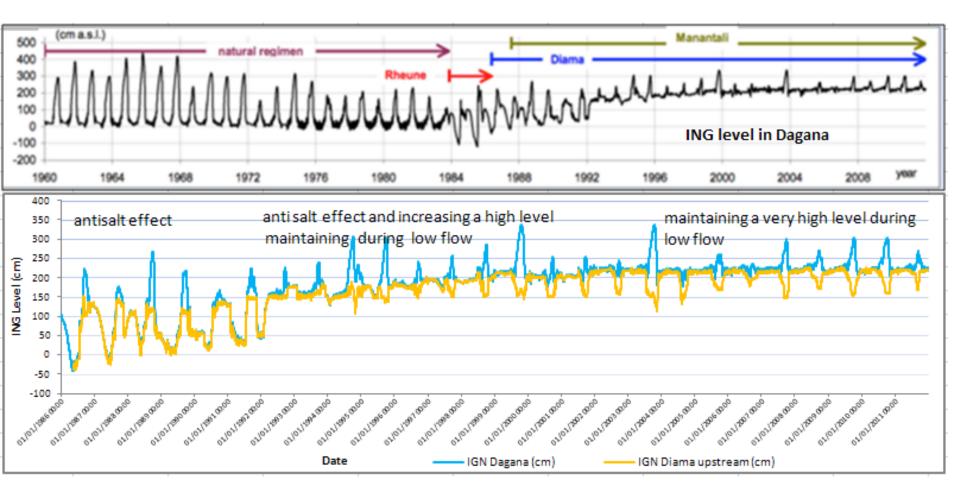
PROBLEM: LAND DEGRADATION BY SALINISATION





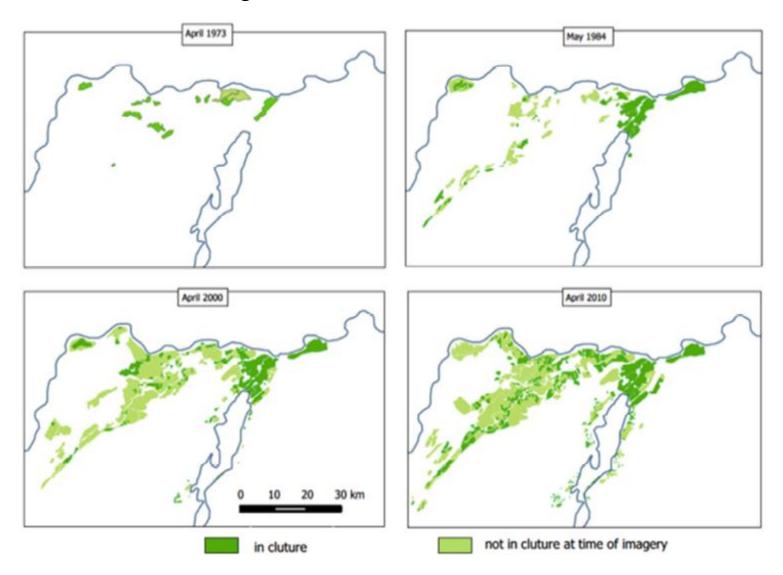
Land degraded after a few years of cultivation by development of salt efflorescence. This constitute a threat to the environmental and agriculture value of the region, e.g. 15000 hectares of land abandoned because of the salty soil.



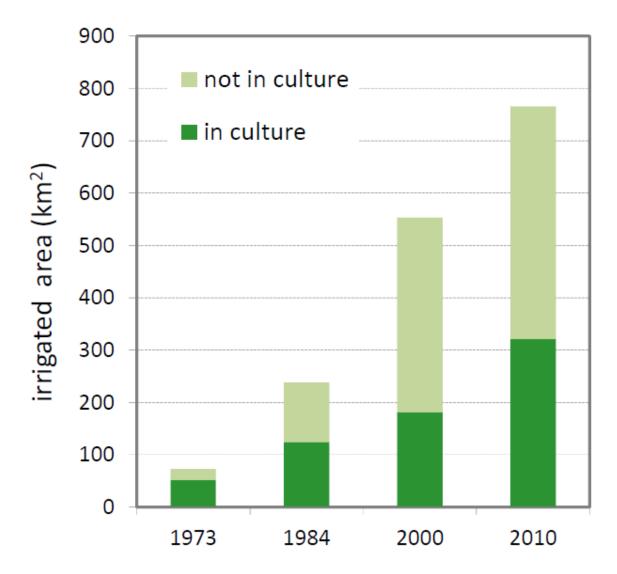


Evolution of surface water in the Senegal River Delta

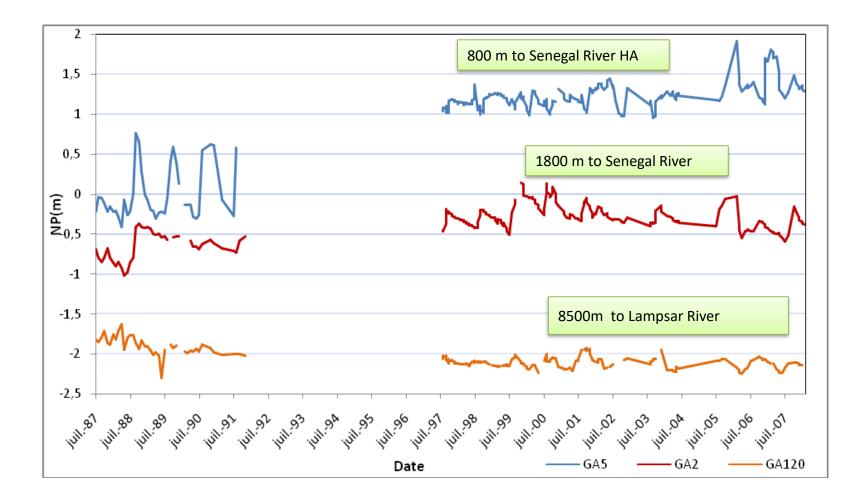
Land use : evolution of irrigated area



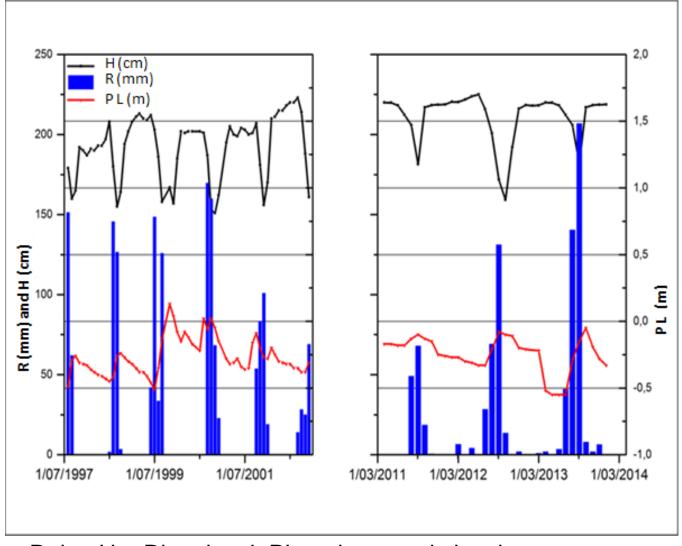
Land use : evolution of irrigated area



Dynamic of the shallow aquifer in the Senegal river delta

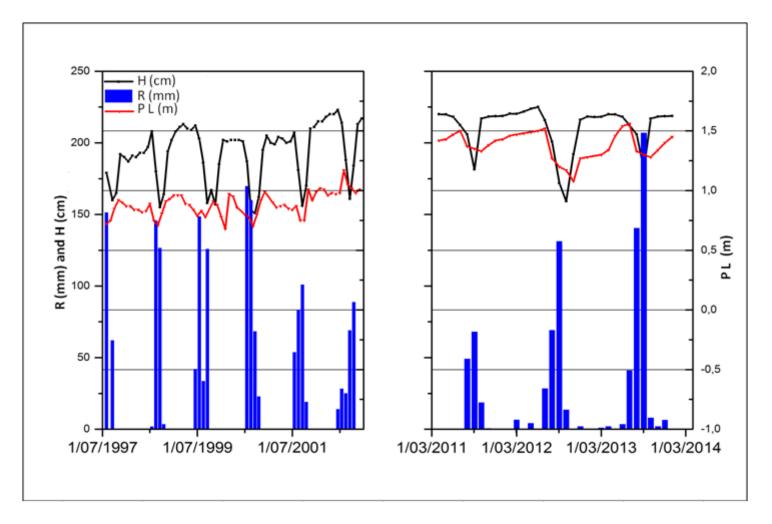


GROUP 1 : the piezometers are located far from the Rivers and out of irrigated land

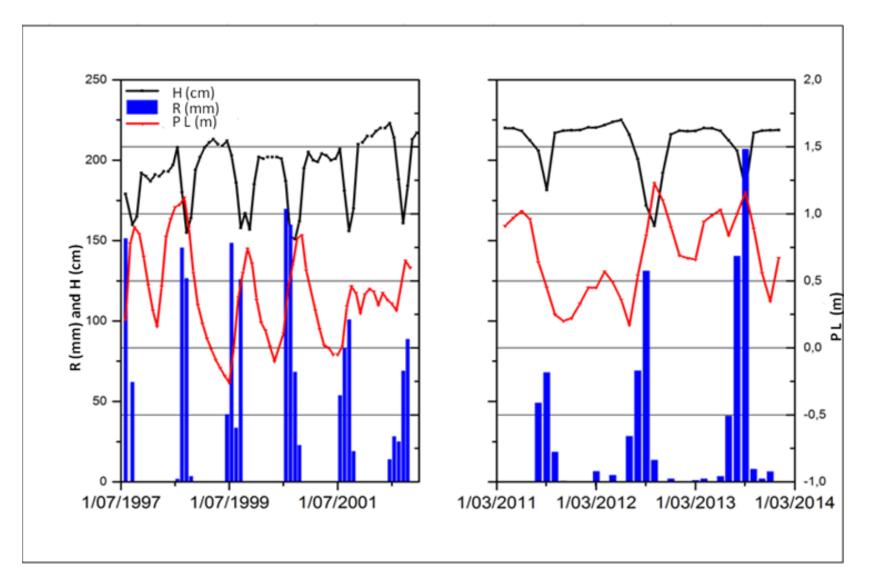


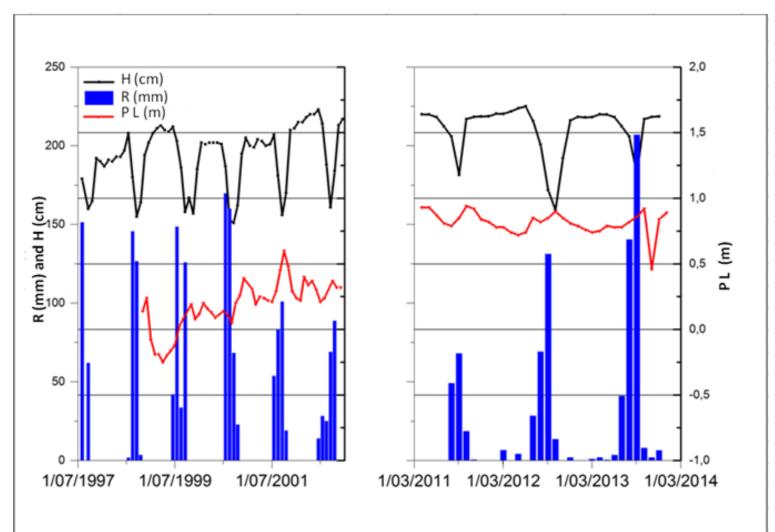
R = Rain ; H = River level; PL = piezmoetric level

GROUP 2 : Piezometers are located near the River and out irrigated area



GROUP 3 : piezometers are located in an irrigated area and far from the River





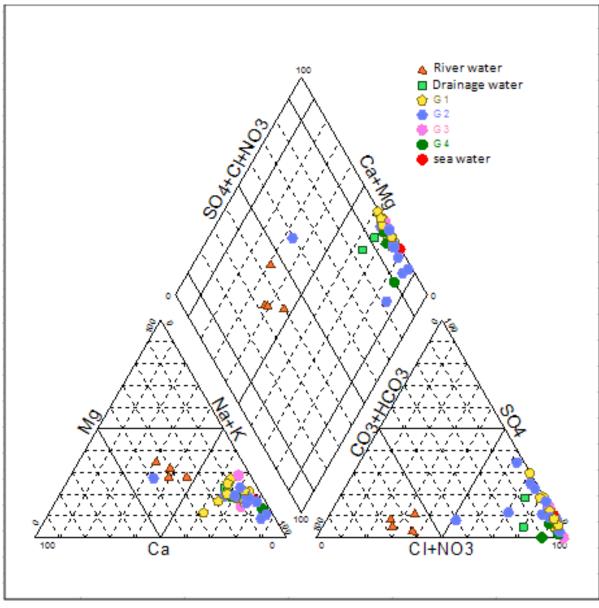
GROUPE 4: piezometers are located in an irrigated area and near the River

M16 MID MR Ó M23 M21 FL1 õ 0⁹⁹M15 FL2 Légende <toutes les autres valeurs> 0,05-1 eaux douces plan d'eau 1-2 eaux saumâtres cours d'eau 2 - 42 eaux salées Kilomètres $^{\circ}$ ----- RN 42 - 67,8 saumures

Hydrochemistry : electrical conductivity

÷

Hydrochemistry : water facies



Hydrochemistry : origin of the mineralization of groundwater

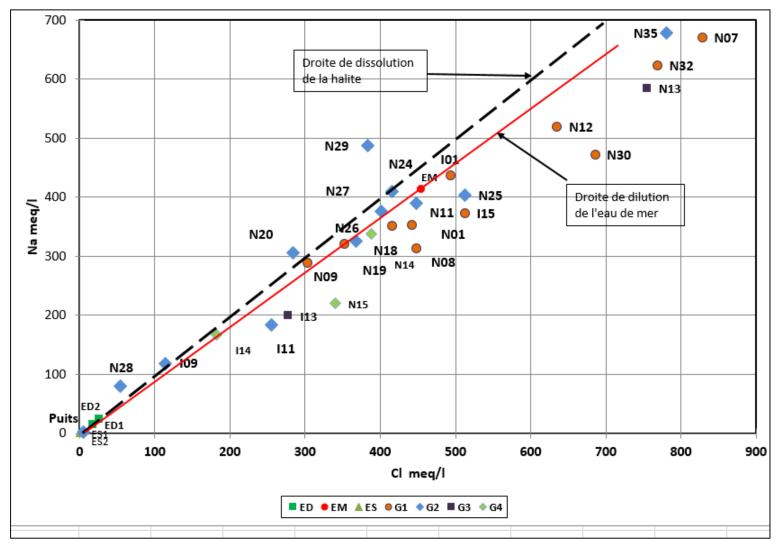
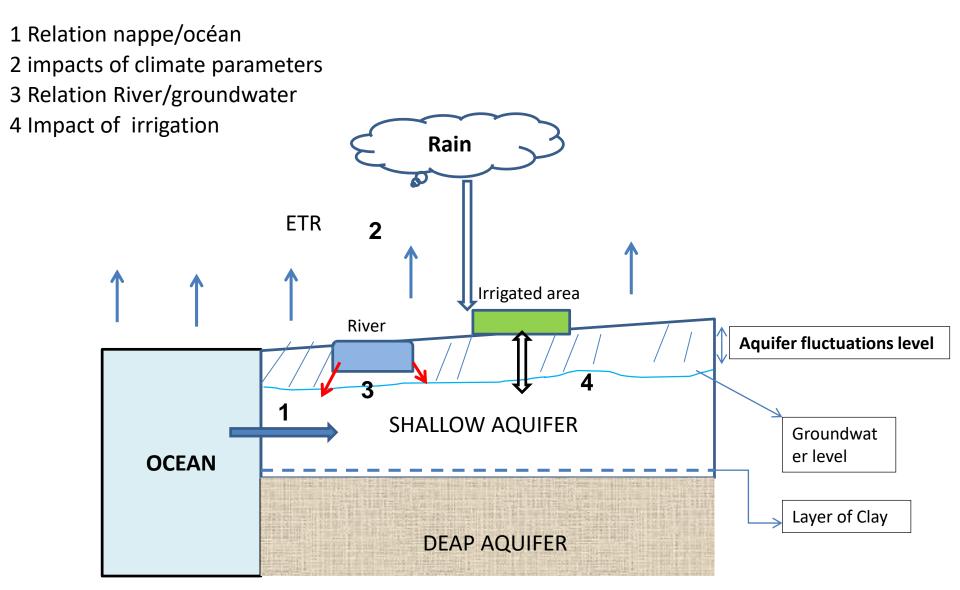


Diagramme de corrélation Na-Cl

CONCEPTUAL DIAGRAM OF EXCHANGE PROCESSES IN THE ALLUVIAL AQUIFER IN THE SENEGAL RIVER DELTA



CONCLUSION :

This study has brought to light :

•The availability of surface water resources which are no longer a barrier to the development of irrigated agriculture

•The close relationship between surface water (rain, river, irrigation) and groundwater

•The high salinity of groundwater of which rise is a threat towards irrigated lands

A proposal for deep drainage of the water table has been issued and deserves to be tested in experimental plots.

THANKYOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION